

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL
(Small Entity)

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Docket No.
SGUS0008-3

Total Pages in this Submission

96

TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS**Box Patent Application**
Washington, D.C. 20231

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b) is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

Satellite Receiver/Router, System, and Method of Use

and invented by:

Roberts et al

If a **CONTINUATION APPLICATION**, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:☒ **Continuation** ☐ **Divisional** ☐ **Continuation-in-part (CIP)** of prior application No.: 09/287/200

Which is a:

☒ **Continuation** ☐ **Divisional** ☐ **Continuation-in-part (CIP)** of prior application No.: 60/080,530

Which is a:

☒ **Continuation** ☐ **Divisional** ☐ **Continuation-in-part (CIP)** of prior application No.: 60/105,878

Enclosed are:

Application Elements

1. ☐ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 41 pages and including the following:
 - a. ☒ Descriptive Title of the Invention
 - b. ☒ Cross References to Related Applications (if applicable)
 - c. ☐ Statement Regarding Federally-sponsored Research/Development (if applicable)
 - d. ☒ Reference to Microfiche Appendix (if applicable)
 - e. ☒ Background of the Invention
 - f. ☒ Brief Summary of the Invention
 - g. ☒ Brief Description of the Drawings (if drawings filed)
 - h. ☒ Detailed Description
 - i. ☒ Claim(s) as Classified Below
 - j. ☒ Abstract of the Disclosure

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Application Elements (Continued)

3. ☒ Drawing(s) *(when necessary as prescribed by 35 USC 113)*
a. ☒ Formal b. ☐ Informal Number of Sheets 15
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration
a. ☐ Newly executed *(original or copy)* ☐ Unexecuted
b. ☒ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) *(for continuation/divisional application only)*
c. ☒ With Power of Attorney ☐ Without Power of Attorney
d. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application,
see 37 C.F.R. 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☒ Incorporation By Reference *(usable if Box 4b is checked)*
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☒ Computer Program in Microfiche
7. ☐ Genetic Sequence Submission *(if applicable, all must be included)*
a. ☐ Paper Copy
b. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
c. ☐ Statement Verifying Identical Paper and Computer Readable Copy

Accompanying Application Parts

8. ☐ Assignment Papers *(cover sheet & documents)*
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement *(when there is an assignee)*
10. ☐ English Translation Document *(if applicable)*
11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard
14. ☒ Certificate of Mailing

First Class



Express Mail *(Specify Label No.):*

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Accompanying Application Parts (Continued)

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
16. ☒ Small Entity Statement(s) - Specify Number of Statements Submitted: 2
17. ☒ Additional Enclosures (please identify below):

Letter to the Examiner

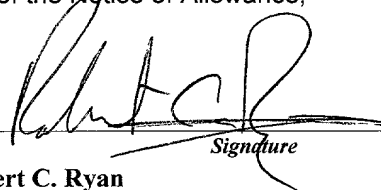
Fee Calculation and Transmittal

CLAIMS AS FILED

For	#Filed	#Allowed	#Extra	Rate	Fee
Total Claims	22	- 20 =	2	x \$9.00	\$18.00
Indep. Claims	3	- 3 =	0	x \$39.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
BASIC FEE					\$345.00
OTHER FEE (specify purpose)					\$0.00
TOTAL FILING FEE					\$363.00

- ☐ A check in the amount of _____ to cover the filing fee is enclosed
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. **501319** as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ Charge the amount of **\$363.00** as filing fee.
 - ☒ Credit any overpayment.
 - ☒ Charge any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17.
 - ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).

Dated: July 28, 2000


Signature

Robert C. Ryan
Reg. No. 29,343
775-686-5050
Facsimile: 775-686-5057

cc:

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY
STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) AND 1.27 (c)) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN**

Docket No.
SGUS0008-3

Serial No.

Filing Date

Patent No.

Issue Date

Applicant/

Patentee: **Roberts et al.**Invention: **Satellite Receiver/Router, System, and Method of Use**

I hereby declare that I am:

- ☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:
- ☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF CONCERN: **StarGuide Digital Networks, Inc.**ADDRESS OF CONCERN: **Suite 1510, 300 E. Second Street, Reno, Nevada 89501**

I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the above identified invention described in:

- ☒ the specification filed herewith with title as listed above.
- ☐ the application identified above.
- ☐ the patent identified above.

If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed on the next page and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☐ no such person, concern or organization exists.
☒ each such person, concern or organization is listed below.

FULL NAME DGSystems, Inc.

ADDRESS 875 Battery Street, San Francisco, California 94111

☐ Individual ☒ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING: Robert C. Ryan, Executive Vice President

TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING _____

OTHER THAN OWNER: 95 Rimfire Circle, Reno, NV 89509

ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING: _____

SIGNATURE: _____



DATE: 7/28/2000

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY
STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) AND 1.27 (c)) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN**

Docket No.
SGUS0008-3

Serial No.

Filing Date

Patent No.

Issue Date

Applicant/

Patentee: **Roberts et al.**

Invention: **Satellite Receiver/Router, System, and Method of Use**

I hereby declare that I am:

- ☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:
☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF CONCERN: **DC Systems, Inc.**

ADDRESS OF CONCERN: **875 Battery Street, San Francisco, California 94111**

I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 37 CFR 1.21.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the above identified invention described in:

- ☒ the specification filed herewith with title as listed above.
☐ the application identified above.
☐ the patent identified above.

If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed on the next page and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☒ no such person, concern or organization exists.
☐ each such person, concern or organization is listed below.

FULL NAME
ADDRESS

☐ Individual ☒ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME
ADDRESS

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME
ADDRESS

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME
ADDRESS

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING:

Omar Choucair, Chief Financial Officer

TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING

OTHER THAN OWNER:

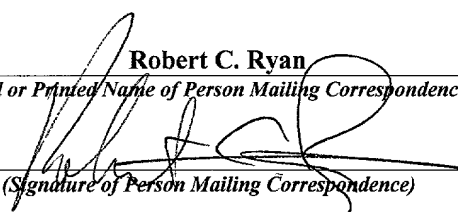
ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING:

5725 YARMY
PLANO, TX 75903

SIGNATURE:



DATE: 7/19/00

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY "EXPRESS MAIL" (37 CFR 1.10)			Docket No. SGUS0008-3	
Applicant(s): Roberts et al				
Serial No.	Filing Date 7/28/00	Examiner Vanderpuye	Group Art Unit 2732	
Invention: Satellite Receiver/Router, System, and Method of Use				
<p>I hereby certify that this <u>Utility Patent Application</u></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>(Identify type of correspondence)</i></p> <p>is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 in an envelope addressed to: The Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231 on</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>7/28/00</u> <i>(Date)</i></p> <div style="text-align: right;"><p><u>Robert C. Ryan</u> <i>(Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence)</i></p><p> <i>(Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence)</i></p><p><u>EK683599705US</u> <i>("Express Mail" Mailing Label Number)</i></p></div>				
<p style="text-align: center;">Note: Each paper must have its own certificate of mailing.</p>				

IN THE
UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Title of the Invention:

**Satellite Receiver/Router, System,
And Method of Use**

Inventors:

Roswell Roberts III
Ian Lerner
Laurence A. Fish
C. Brian Peabody

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to satellite delivery of TCP/IP compatible content. More particularly, this invention relates to a removable insertion card, and method of its use, in a satellite transmission system to provide integrated receiver/routers, with the ability to distribute TCP/IP compatible content into a computer network.

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of, and claims priority through: (I) two prior provisional U.S. patent applications: (a) Serial No. 60/080,530, filed April 3, 1998, entitled "Ethernet Satellite Delivery Apparatus"; and (b) Serial No. 60/105,878, filed October 27, 1998, entitled "Ethernet Satellite Delivery Apparatus"; and (II) one prior U.S. utility applications: Serial No. 09/287,200, entitled "Satellite Receiver/Router, System, and Method of Use." The disclosures of each of such provisional and utility applications are incorporated herein by reference.

REFERENCE TO MICROFICHE APPENDIX

This specification includes a microfiche appendix consisting of four pages of microfiche, which in turn consist of 322 pages of source code listings.

BACKGROUND

The Internet is an enormous network of computers through which digital information can be sent from one computer to another. The Internet's strength - its high level of interconnectivity - also poses severe problems for the prompt and efficient distribution of voluminous digital information, particularly digitized imaging, audio, or video information.

Internet service providers (ISP's) have attempted to accelerate the speed of delivery of content to Internet users by delivering Internet content (e.g., TCP/IP packets) to the user through a satellite broadcast system. One such system is the direct-to-home ("DTH") satellite delivery system such as that offered in connection with the mark, "DirecPC." In these DTH types of systems, each subscriber or user of the system must have: (i) access to a satellite dish; (ii) a satellite receiver connected to the satellite dish and mounted in the user's PC; and (iii) an Internet back channel in order to request information from Internet Web sites.

The DTH system is thus quite costly, since each user must have its own receiver and connection to a satellite dish. The DTH system is also somewhat difficult to deploy since the satellite receiver is mounted in each DTH user's PC.

The DTH system also does not take advantage of any pre-existing satellite systems, and it often is a single carrier system, dedicated to the delivery of Internet content to the user. It does not allow the user flexibility to receive, much less distribute

to others, other types of services, such as non-Internet radio broadcast or faxing services for example. The DTH systems also typically modify the IP packets at the head end, thus introducing significant processing delay through the need to reconstruct packets on the receiving end.

DTH systems may also utilize the DVB standard, in which event the system might broadcast other services. DVB systems, however, utilize a statistical data carrier. For this and other reasons, the DVB systems often cause significant additional delay due to the need to reconstruct packets from the statistically multiplexed carrier sent through DVB system.

The DTH system is also typically quite limited in its bandwidth capabilities. The consumer DirecPC system, for example, is limited to 440 kbps, thus limiting its effectiveness as a reliable, flexible, and quick distribution vehicle for Internet content, particularly voluminous content, to all users of the system through the one carrier.

Another system used by ISP's and others to deliver Internet content through satellites is the use of commercial or professional quality satellite receivers in conjunction with traditional routers connected into an ISP LAN or similar LAN for delivery the received content through its LAN to its subscribers either on the LAN or through modems and telecommunications lines interconnecting the modems. (See Prior Art Figure 3.) These types of separate receiver-and-router satellite systems have typically required use of traditional satellite data receivers with integrated serial, often RS-422 types, of interface or data outputs. The data output is connected into the router, which

then converts the data into Ethernet compatible output and routes and outputs the Ethernet onto the LAN.

The applicant has discovered that these prior art data receiver and separate router systems present several problems. For example, the traditional data receivers are relatively inflexible and support only one or two services; and the use of a separate router is expensive. In addition, these types of systems usually employ a DVB transport mechanism, which not well suited to transmitting Internet and similar types of content for a number of reasons. One reason is that, as noted above, the DVB transport protocol and mechanism add substantial delays into the system. Another is that, as the applicant has discovered, the DVB transport mechanism utilizes excessive amounts of bandwidth.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The applicants have invented an Ethernet/Router card, method of its use in a satellite receiver, and overall TCP/IP compatible satellite transmission system. The Ethernet/Router card enables the satellite receiver to provide the service of receiving a broadcast of TCP/IP compatible information or content, and route and output the information or content content in Ethernet format directly onto a LAN or other Ethernet computer connection. The Ethernet/Router card preferably includes an internal router and is preferably compatible with protocols, including UDP and SMTP, which enable the card to properly route the TCP/IP compatible content onto the LAN or other Ethernet computer connection.

The Ethernet/Router card also preferably includes one or more serial outputs or ports in order to provide data services or connectivity in addition to that provided through the Ethernet port. The Ethernet/Router card preferably is removably insertable, and hot swappable, into a slot in the satellite receiver

The applicant's satellite transmission system, and particularly its Ethernet/Router card, are preferably adapted to process each IP packet as an entire block, eliminating the need to break up or reconstruct packets of IP data at the receiving end. The preferred system thus speeds up the processing, reception, and distribution of the IP data through the system.

There are other aspects and features of the invention that will become apparent as

the specification proceeds. It is to be understood, however, that the scope of the invention is to be determined according to the accompanying claims.

OBJECTS OR ADVANTAGES OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to distribute TCP/IP compatible content by satellite.

It is an advantage of the present invention that it provides an Ethernet/router card that can be mounted in a satellite receiver quickly, easily, and economically.

It is another advantage of the present invention that it provides a satellite receiver with the capability of receiving TCP/IP compatible content and routing and distributing it onto a LAN or other computer network without need for a router to route the content onto the LAN or network.

It is still another advantage that the preferred card is hot swappable and may be removed from the receiver without interfering with any other services provided by the receiver.

It is still another advantage of the present invention that the preferred card can be used in a receiver that can deliver other services, through other cards, in addition to those provided by the present invention itself.

A still further advantage is that it provides satellite distribution of TCP/IP compatible content the need for each PC receiving the content through the receiver to have its own dish or its own satellite receiver.

An additional advantage is that the present invention provides satellite TCP/IP distribution to PC's without having a satellite receiver being mounted in a PC and subject

to the instability of the PC environment.

Yet an additional advantage is that the present card can preferably provide data services in addition to delivery of Internet content. Another advantage is that the satellite receiver in which the card is inserted preferably can provide yet additional services through other cards inserted in slots in the receiver.

Another advantage is that existing networks of satellite receivers can be adapted to deliver Internet services by mere insertion of the present cards in the receivers, without having to replace the existing networks.

It is also an advantage of the present invention that the present system and insertion card preferably provides the ability to deliver TCP/IP content to Ethernet LAN's without need for custom software.

Another advantage is the present invention is that, both the overall system and the Ethernet/Router card in particular, process IP packets without modification or separation of the contents of the packets. The applicants' satellite transmission system and the present Ethernet/Router card are thus easier to implement; and since they process each IP packet as an entire block with no need to reconstruct packets on the receiving end, the system and the Ethernet/Router card more quickly process and route the IP packets from the head end to an associated LAN on the receiving end.

There are many other objects and advantages of the present invention. They will become apparent as the specification proceeds. It is to be understood, however, that the scope of the present invention is to be determined by the accompanying claims and not

by whether any given embodiment achieves all objects or advantages set forth herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The applicants' preferred embodiment of the present invention is shown in the accompanying drawings wherein:

Figure 1 is a block diagram of one embodiment of the applicants' preferred satellite transmission system, with an Internet backchannel, in which the applicants' preferred Ethernet/Router card has been inserted into a slot in a satellite receiver in order to distribute Internet content through the card onto an Ethernet LAN to which the card is connected;

Figure 2 is a block diagram of an alternative embodiment of the applicants' preferred satellite transmission system for distribution of TCP/IP content onto an intranet with a telecommunications-modem-provided backchannel from the receiver to the head-end of the intranet;

Figure 3 is a block diagram of a prior art satellite data receiver, separate Internet router, and LAN, as described in the BACKGROUND section above;

Figure 4 is a block diagram showing the applicant's preferred uplink configuration utilizing a multiplexer to multiplex the satellite transmission;

Figure 5 is a block diagram of the applicants' preferred downlink configuration for reception of a multiplexed satellite transmission for distribution onto an associated LAN;

Figure 6 is a block diagram of the applicants' preferred redundant uplink

configuration for clear channel transmission of up to 10 mbps;

Figure 7 is a block diagram of the applicants' preferred redundant uplink configuration for clear channel transmission of up to 50 mbps;

Figure 8 is a block diagram of the preferred Ethernet/Router insertion card;

Figure 9A-B is a wiring diagram of the backplane interface for the preferred Ethernet/Router card of Figure 8;

Figure 10A-B is a wiring diagram for the RS 232 monitor and control port of the preferred Ethernet/Router card of Figure 8;

Figure 11A-B is a wiring diagram for the two RS 232 auxiliary ports of the preferred embodiment of Figure 8;

Figure 12A-B is a wiring diagram for the CPU of the preferred embodiment of Figure 8;

Figure 13 is a wiring diagram for the DRAM on the preferred embodiment of Figure 8;

Figure 14 is a wiring diagram for the Flash RAM on the preferred embodiment of Figure 8; and

Figure 15 is a perspective view of the preferred Ethernet/Router card showing the backplane interface connector and the outside face and associated ports and light indicators on the card.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring now to Figure 1, the applicants' preferred Internet backchannel system 10 is preferably utilized to distribute Internet content (according to the TCP/IP protocol, which may include UDP packets) onto a remote LAN 12 interconnecting PC's, e.g., 14, 16, on the remote LAN 12. Through the applicants' preferred Internet satellite transmission system 10, content residing on a content server PC 18 is distributed according to the TCP/IP protocol through a third-party satellite 20 to the client PC's 14, 16 on the remote Ethernet LAN 12.

In the applicants' preferred system 10, the TCP/IP content flow is as follows:

1. A PC, e.g., 14, on the remote Ethernet LAN 12 is connected to the Internet through a conventional, and typically pre-existing, TCP/IP router 36 in a fashion well known to those skilled in the art. The router 36 can thus send requests for information or Internet content through the Internet 38 to a local router 40 to which a content server 18 (perhaps an Internet web server) is connected in a fashion well known to those skilled in the art.
2. The content server 18 outputs the Internet content in TCP/IP Ethernet packets for reception at the serial port (not shown) on a conventional Internet router 22;
3. The router 22 outputs HDLC encapsulated TCP/IP packets transmitted via RS-422 signals at an RS-422 output port (not shown) into an RS-422 service input into a StarGuide® MX3 Multiplexer 24, available from StarGuide Digital

Networks, Inc., Reno, Nevada. (All further references to StarGuide® equipment refer to the same company as the manufacturer and source of the equipment.) The method of multiplexing utilized by the MX3 Multiplexer is disclosed in Australia Patent No. 697851, issued on January 28, 1999, to StarGuide Digital Networks, Inc, and entitled "Dynamic Allocation of Bandwidth for Transmission of an Audio Signal with a Video Signal."

4. The StarGuide® MX3 Multiplexer 24 aggregates all service inputs into the Multiplexer 24 and outputs a multiplexed TDM (time division multiplexed) data stream through an RS-422 port (not shown) for delivery of the data stream to a modulator 26, such as a Comstream CM701 or Radyne DVB3030, in a manner well known to those skilled in the art. The modulator 26 supports DVB coding (concatenated Viterbi rate $N/(N+1)$ and Reed-Solomon 187/204, QPSK modulation, and RS-422 data output). Multiple LANs (not shown) may also be input to the StarGuide® Multiplexer 24 as different services, each connected to a different service input port on the StarGuide® Multiplexer 24;
5. The modulator 26 outputs a 70 MHz RF QPSK or BPSK modulated signal to a satellite uplink and dish antenna 28, which transmits the modulated signal 30 through the satellite 20 to a satellite downlink and dish antenna 31 remote from the uplink 28.
6. The satellite downlink 31 delivers an L-Band (920-2050MHz) radio frequency

(RF) signal through a conventional satellite downlink downconverter to a StarGuide® II Satellite Receiver 32 with the applicants' preferred Ethernet/Router card 34 removably inserted into one of possibly five available insertion card slots (not shown) in the back side of the StarGuide® II Receiver 32. The StarGuide® II Receiver 32 demodulates and demultiplexes the received transmission, and thus recovers individual service data streams for use by the cards, e.g., 34, mounted in the StarGuide® II Receiver 32. The Receiver 32 might also have StarGuide® one or more audio card(s), video card(s), relay card(s), or async card(s) inserted in the other four available slots of the Receiver 32 in order to provide services such as audio, video, relay closure data, or asynchronous data streams for other uses or applications of the single receiver 34 while still functioning as a satellite receiver/router as set forth in this specification.

7. The Ethernet/Router card 34 receives its data and clock from the StarGuide® II Receiver 34, then removes the HDLC encapsulation in the service stream provided to the card 34 by the StarGuide® II Receiver 32, and thus recovers the original TCP/IP packets in the data stream received from the Receiver 32 (without having to reconstruct the packets). The Ethernet/Router card then performs address filtering and routes the resulting TCP/IP packets out the Ethernet port on the side of the card (facing outwardly from the back of the StarGuide® II

Receiver) for connection to an Ethernet LAN for delivery of the TCP/IP packets to addressed PCs, e.g., 14, 16 if addressed, on the LAN in a fashion well to those skilled in the art.

As a result, high bandwidth data can quickly move through the preferred satellite system 10 from the content server 18 through the one-way satellite connection 20 to the receiving PC, e.g., 14. Low bandwidth data, such as Internet user requests for web pages, audio, video, etc., is sent from the remote receiving PC, e.g., 14, through the inherently problematic but established Internet infrastructure 38, to the content server 18. Thus, as client PC's, e.g., 14, 16, request data, the preferred system 10 automatically routes the requested data (provided by the content server 12) through the higher bandwidth satellite 20 transmission system to the StarGuide® II Receiver and its associated Ethernet/Router card(s) 34 for distribution to the PC's 14, 16 without going through the Internet 38 infrastructure.

Referring now to Figure 2, the applicants' preferred intranet system 42 is preferably utilized to distribute TCP/IP formatted content onto a remote LAN 12 interconnecting PC's, e.g., 14, 16, on the remote LAN 12. Through the intranet system 42, content residing on a content server PC 18 is distributed through the intranet 42 to the client PC's 14, 16 through a private telecommunications network 39.

The intranet system 42 of Figure 2 works similarly to the Internet system 10 of Figure 1 except that the intranet system 42 does not provide a backchannel through the

Internet 40 and instead relies on conventional telecommunications connections, through conventional modems 44, 46, to provide the backchannel. In the applicants' preferred embodiment the remote LAN modem 44 connects directly to an RS-11 port on the outwardly facing side of Ethernet/Router card 34 on the back side of the StarGuide® II Receiver 32 in which the card 34 is mounted. The Ethernet/Router card 34 routes TCP/IP packets addressed to the head end or content server 18 (or perhaps other machines on the local LAN 19) to an RS232 serial output (113 in Figure 8) to the remote LAN modem 44 for delivery to the content servers or head end 18. Alternatively, the remote modem 44 may be connected to accept and transmit the TCP/IP data and requests from a client PC, e.g., 14, through a router (not shown) on the remote LAN 12, in a manner well known to those skilled in the art.

The local modem 46 is connected to the content server 18 or to a head-end LAN on which the server 18 resides. The two modems 44, 46 thus provide a TCP/IP backchannel to transfer TCP/IP data and requests from PC's 14, 16 on the remote LAN (which could also be a WAN) 12 to the content server 18.

Referring now to Figure 4, the applicants' preferred "muxed" uplink system, generally 48, is redundantly configured. The muxed system 48 is connected to a local or head-end Ethernet LAN 19, to which an Internet Web Server 50 and Internet Multicasting Server 52 are connected in a manner well known to those of skill in the art. Two 10BaseT Ethernet Bridges 53, 55 provide up to 8 mbps (megabits per second) of Ethernet TCP/IP data into RS422 service ports (not shown) mounted in each of two StarGuide®

MX3 Multiplexers 24a, 24b, respectively. The main StarGuide® Multiplexer 24a is connected via its monitor and control (M&C) ports (not shown) through the spare Multiplexer 24b to a 9600 bps RS-232 link 56 to a network management PC 54 running the Starguide® Virtual Bandwidth Network Management System (VBNMS).

Each of the Multiplexers, e.g., 24a, output up to 8mbps through an RS422 port and compatible connection to an MPEG-DVB modulator, e.g., 58. The modulators, e.g., 58, in turn feed their modulated output to a 1:1 modulator redundancy switch 60 and deliver a modulated RF signal at 70 to 140 MHz for transmission through the satellite (20 in Figure 1). In this regard, the VBNMS running on the network management PC 54 is also connected to the redundancy switch 60 via an M&C RS-232 port (not shown) on the redundancy switch 60.

With reference now to Figure 5, in the applicants' preferred muxed downlink, generally 62, there is no need for a router between the StarGuide® II Satellite Receiver 32 and the remote LAN 12. The Receiver 32 directly outputs the Ethernet encapsulated TCP/IP packets from the Ethernet output port (not shown) on the Receiver 32 onto the LAN cabling 12 with no intermediary hardware at all other than standard inexpensive cabling hardware.

The LAN 12 may also be connected to traditional LAN and WAN components, such as local content servers 64, 66, router(s), e.g., 36, and remote access server(s), e.g., 68, in addition to the LAN-based PC's, e.g., 14, 16. In this WAN configuration, yet

additional remotely connected PC's 70, 72, may dial-in or be accessed on conventional telecommunications lines, such as POTS lines through a public switching network (PTSN) 71 to procure TCP/IP or other content acquired by the remote access server 68, including TCP/IP content delivered to access server 68 according to addressing to a remotely connected PC, e.g., 70, of packets in the Ethernet data stream output of the Ethernet/Router card (34 in Figure 1).

With reference now to Figure 6, the applicants' preferred clear channel system, generally 74, eliminates the need for both costly multiplexers (e.g., 24 in Figure 4) and the VBNMS and associated PC (54 of Figure 4). The clear channel system 74 is well suited to applications not requiring delivery of multiple services through the system 74. The clear channel system 74 of Figure 6 provides up to 10mbps of Ethernet TCP/IP data directly into the input of an MPEG-DVB modulator, e.g., 58, for uplinking of the frequency modulated data for broadcast through the satellite (20 in Figure 1). (Note that, although these systems employ MPEG-DVB modulators, they do not utilize DVB multiplexers or DVB encrypting schemes.)

Alternatively and with reference now to Figure 7, the bridges 53, 55 may each instead consist of a 100BaseT Ethernet router 53, 55. As a result, these routers 53, 55 preferably may deliver up to 50 mbps HSSI output directly into their respective modulators, e.g., 58. Applicants' preferred modulator for this application is a Radyne DM-45 available from Radyne Corporation.

Referring now to Figure 8, the applicant's preferred Ethernet/Router card,

generally 34, has a receiver backplane 90 for interfacing with the StarGuide® II Receiver (32 in Figure 1) when the card 34 is removably inserted in an available slot in the Receiver 32. In a muxed system (Figures 1, 2, and 4), the Receiver 32 is pre-configured by the user (not shown) to identify the particular Receiver 32 slot in which the card 24 is mounted. In the clear channel mode (Figures 6 and 7), the identical service is presented to all five slots in the Receiver 32, so the no such pre-configuration is required.

With continuing reference to Figure 8, the backplane interface 90 provides the card 34 with a clock 92 and the HDLC packetized TCP/IP data stream 94 as the input into the HDLC depacketizer 96, which outputs TCP/IP packets and data 97, previously encapsulated in HDLC by the head-end router (22 in Figure 1), to a TCP/IP address filter 98. In turn, the address filter 98: (i) outputs the TCP/IP packets and data 99 to an Ethernet transmitter 100, and (ii) routes certain TCP/IP packets (i.e., UDP packets having a particular address common to all Ethernet/Router cards) as in-band signaling data 102 into an in-band signalling address filter 104. This in-band signalling filter 104 routes certain UDP packets as commands 106 directed to a command processor 108 on the card 34. The TCP/IP packets routed in this fashion are limited to an average data rate of less than 115kbps to prevent overloading of the asynchronous interfaces.

The Ethernet transmitter 100 provides Ethernet output 120 (including the TCP/IP packets for distribution by the card 34 to the LAN (12 in Figure 1)) to a 10baseT Ethernet connector 122 on the card 34. The Ethernet connector 122 also receives Ethernet input 126 from the LAN (12 in Figure 1), which is received by the Ethernet receiver 128 on the

card 34. The Ethernet receiver 128 outputs the TCP/IP and any data 130 received by the card 34 to an Ethernet input address filter 132, which provides commands (including SNMP) 134 addressed to the card 34 to the command processor 108. The Ethernet input address filter 132 also provides data addressed for the head-end, e.g., the content server (18 in Figure 1), to the modem communication processor 118. The modem communication processor 118 optionally provides data transmission 140 and data reception 142 through an RS-2323 communications port 144.

The command processor 108 optionally outputs commands 110 to, and receives as input responses 112 received from, an RS-232 M&C port 114 on the card 34. The command processor also: (i) optionally exchanges commands 111 and responses 113 with at least one auxiliary RS-232 port 115; (ii) optionally provides command output 114, and receives input responses 116 from, a modem communication processor 118; and (iv) outputs responses 136 to the Ethernet transmitter 100 when necessary to assure complete receipt of all TCP/IP data packets for users on the LAN (12 in Figure 1).

All processing shown in Figure 34 is managed by and largely conducted within the CPU (a Motorola MPC860 processor), which is shown in wiring detail in Figure 12A. 12B. In this regard, the wiring detail for the backplane interface 90 in Figure 8 is shown in Figure 9A, 9B. The wiring detail for the M&C port 114 in Figure 8 is shown in Figure 10A-B. The wiring detail for the auxiliary connector 115 in Figure 8 is shown in Figure 11A-B. The wiring details for the DRAM and Flash RAM (not shown in Figure 8) are shown in Figures 13 and 14 respectively. The DRAM, Flash RAM, auxiliary connectors,

M&C port, backplane interface, and CPU are interconnected on a single insertion circuit board in a fashion well known to those skilled in the art.

With reference now to Figure 15, the preferred board 150 has all components, e.g., 152, 154, 156, mounted on the surface of the board 150, including additional support circuitry such as a crystal and reset circuitry, programmable logic arrays, and RS-232 line drivers to support the RS-232 ports 115, 162 well known to those skilled in the art. The insertion end 156 of the card has a conventional backplane connector 156 for connecting the backplane (90 in Figure 8) to a mating backplane connector (not shown) within a StarGuide® II Receiver. The opposing end 158 of the board 150 has an external face or side 160 extending perpendicularly from the board 150. The external face 160 is flush with the back side (not shown) of a StarGuide® Receiver 34 when removably mounted or inserted in the Receiver 34. Mounted on the face 160 are the Ethernet port 122, the M&C port 114, the two auxiliary ports 115, 162, and a series of indicator lights 164 to indicate transmission, reception, linking, and other board activities.

With reference now to Figure 8, in the IGMPv2 mode of the preferred receiver/router, the Ethernet/Router card 34 will only allow multicast (UDP) packets to pass to the Ethernet connector 122 if a user has requested the multicast packet stream and the UDP packets are destined for the multicast address for the stream. In static route mode, the Ethernet/Router card 34 will only allow a packet to be output to the Ethernet port 122 if the destination address is contained in the static route table maintained on the

card 34.

The user can configure the static route table to pass individual addresses or groups of addresses using a destination address and address mask. The incoming packet's address is logically AND'd (joined) with table entry's mask, and if the result is equal to the table entry's destination address, the packet is passed to the Ethernet output port 122.

For example, if any entry in the static route table on the card 34 is set to be: Destination Address: 100.1.3.0; Mask: 255.255.255.0, then any packets in the address range 100.1.3.0 to 100.1.3.255 will be passed to the Ethernet port 122.

The type of filtering used depends on the type of packet received. If the packet's IP destination address is a multicast address, then the filtering performed is IGMP, if enabled. If the destination address is a unicast address and the packet is an IP packet, static route table filtering is utilized if enabled. The filtering modes can be enabled and disabled independently. If both modes are disabled, all incoming IP packets will be passed out the Ethernet port.

Packets received through HDLC depacketizer 96 are routed through the Ethernet/Router based on their destination IP address. Possible destinations include the command processor 108, as noted above, one of the external asynchronous auxiliary interfaces 113, 115. Commands can be routed to the command processor 108 through packets that are encapsulated with either a Telnet or SNMP protocol. Either protocol allows a user to monitor or configure the Ethernet/Router card 34. If the destination address of the packet received corresponds to either of the auxiliary ports 113, 115 (or a

route established through these ports 113, 115), then the packet will be forwarded through the appropriate port 113, 115. This allows the auxiliary ports 113, 115 to provide a backchannel to the head end server (18 in Figure 1) by connecting an external modem (44 in Figure 2) to one of the auxiliary ports 113, 115 that can establish communication with the head end server 18 through the modem 44.

The modem communication processor 118 can thus include modem protocols so that it can access the modem, have it dial phone numbers, and make a connection with the head-end LAN (19 in Figure 4).

With continuing reference to Figure 8, the Ethernet/Router card 34 maintains its own command menus, which are accessible by the StarGuide® II Receiver (32 in Figure 1) and controllable through the front panel control pad on the Receiver via the host interface in the Receiver. The commands for control of the Ethernet/Router card 34 are set forth in the attached Appendix A to this application. This specification also includes a Source Code Appendix B containing source code for the subject apparatus, in text files readily viewable with commonly available software such as Word for Windows 97 and WordPerfect 7.

Protocols supported by the preferred Ethernet/Router card include IGMPv2 Multicasting (querier and non querier modes), standard TCP/IP (including UDP and Telnet), and SNMP. The preferred Ethernet/Router card thus provides a relatively economical means of upgrading an existing StarGuide® satellite transmission network,

and even when deployed with one or more new StarGuide® II Receivers, provides an integrated satellite receiver/router that is much easier to utilize, much more versatile, and significantly less expensive than the conventional, separate receiver and router systems.

In this regard, it should also be noted that the StarGuide® Multiplexer, VBNMS, and Receiver allow for the transmission bandwidth or frequency of the system (e.g., 10 in Figure 1) to be altered on the fly. The preferred system 10 is thus uniquely flexible, powerful, and yet economical.

The preferred receiver/router eliminates the need for any special or custom software while providing a powerful, reliable, and flexible system for high speed, asymmetrical distribution of Internet or TCP/IP compatible content, including bandwidth intensive audio, video, or multimedia content, to an Ethernet computer network. This is particularly useful where a digital terrestrial infrastructure is lacking, overburdened, otherwise inadequate, or cost prohibitive.

Although in the above detailed description, the applicants preferred embodiments include Internet or telecommunications backchannels, the above system may be utilized to provide high speed audio or video multicasting (via UDP packets and deletion of the backchannel). In this utilization of the applicant's receiver/router in a one-way system from the uplink to the receiver/router, all remote LAN's or other connected computers receive the same data broadcast without any interference to the broadcast such as would be encountered if it were to be sent through the Internet backbone. In addition, because

the StarGuide® Multiplexer, VBNMS, and Receiver provide for bandwidth on demand, such a multicasting system also provides the flexibility to readily scale bandwidth utilization on the satellite as the bandwidth demands of the multicasted content grow.

It is to be understood that the foregoing is a detailed description of the preferred embodiments. The scope of the invention, however, is to be determined by reference to the accompanying claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of transmitting digital media content through an extraterrestrial satellite, the method comprising the steps of:
 - A. receiving a stream of entire IP packets;
 - B. encapsulating each of said entire IP packets from said stream within data frames with one or more of said entire IP packets with each said data frame;
 - C. modulating said data frames into a radio frequency signal;
 - D. up-link transmitting said radio frequency signal to an extra-terrestrial satellite;
 - E. receiving said radio frequency signal as processed and downlink transmitted from said extra-terrestrial satellite;
 - F. demodulating said downlink radio frequency signal into said data frames;
 - G. de-encapsulating said data frames to recover said stream of entire IP packets within said data frames; and
 - H. outputting said recovered stream of IP packets to a remote computing device.
2. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 1 wherein the method includes, after the de-encapsulation step G and before the outputting step H, the step of address filtering respective addresses in the respective recovered entire IP packets.

3. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 2 wherein the address filtering step includes selectively determining which of said recovered entire IP packets to output during said outputting step H.

4. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 2 wherein the address filtering step includes at least substantial address filtering according an to an IP routing protocol.

5. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 2 wherein the address filtering step including at least substantial processing of a plurality of said recovered entire IP packets according to a multicasting protocol.

6. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 4 wherein the address filtering step including at least substantial processing of a plurality of said recovered IP packets according to a multicasting protocol.

7. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 2 wherein the address filtering step including at least substantial processing of a plurality of said recovered entire IP packets according to the SNMP protocol.

8. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 6 wherein the address filtering step including at least substantial processing of a plurality of said recovered entire IP packets according to the SNMP protocol.

9. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 1 also including embedding at least one receiving system command within at least one said multiplexed data frame, demodulating said receiving system command, and automatically executing said receiving system command at a receiving system processor.

10. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 9 where said receiving system command comprises an IP packet having a pre-determined IP address associated with said receiving system processor, whereby said IP packet is routed by said receiving system to the receiving system processor.

12. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 1 wherein the outputting step H outputs the recovered entire IP packets to a remote computer and wherein the method also includes transmitting TCP/IP packets to said remote computer through the Internet backbone for use at said remote computer in cooperation with said recovered entire IP packets.

13. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 12 wherein the method includes, after the de-encapsulation step G, the step of address filtering respective addresses in the respective recovered entire IP packets.

14. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 13 wherein the address filtering step includes selectively determining which of said recovered entire IP packets to output during said outputting step H.

15. A method of transmitting digital media content through an extraterrestrial satellite, the method comprising the steps of:

- A. encapsulating serial entire IP packets within serial data frames with one or more of said entire IP packets with each data frame;
- B. multiplexing said serial data frames into a multiplexed data stream;
- C. modulating said multiplexed data frame into a radio frequency signal;
- D. up-link transmitting said radio frequency signal to an extra-terrestrial satellite;
- E. receiving said radio frequency analog signal as processed and downlink transmitted from said extra-terrestrial satellite;
- F. demodulating said downlink radio frequency signal into said multiplexed data stream;
- G. demultiplexing said demodulated multiplexed data stream generally into said serial data frames;
- H. de-encapsulating said serial data frames to recover said entire IP packets with said serial data frames; and
- I. outputting a plurality of said recovered entire IP packets onto a communication network.

16. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 15 also including embedding at least one receiving system command within at least one said multiplexed data frame, demultiplexing said receiving system command, and automatically executing said receiving system command at a receiving system processor.

17. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 15 where said receiving system command comprises an IP packet having a pre-determined IP address associated with a receiving system processor.

18. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 17 wherein the outputting step I outputs the recovered entire IP packets to a remote computer and wherein the method also includes transmitting additional IP packets to a remote computer through the Internet backbone for simultaneous use and processing of the recovered entire IP packets and that additional IP packets on said remote computer.

19. The method of transmitting digital media content of claim 18 also including embedding at least one receiving system command within at least one said multiplexed data frame, demultiplexing said receiving system command, and automatically executing said receiving system command at a receiving system processor.

20. A method of transmitting IP digital media content through an extraterrestrial satellite to a remote IP compatible network, the method comprising the steps of:

- A. transmitting IP packets from a digital content server system through an extraterrestrial satellite to a remote IP compatible network;
- B. receiving said IP packets at an integrated satellite receiver in communication with said remote IP compatible network and routing said IP packets from a routing processor system mounted within said integrated satellite receiver to a remote IP compatible receiving system in communication with said IP compatible network; and
- C. separately transmitting TCP/IP packets from said digital content server system through Internet infrastructure to said remote IP compatible receiving system.

21. The method of transmitting IP digital media content of claim 20 wherein the transmitting step A comprises multicasting of said IP packets.

22. The method of transmitting IP digital media content of claim 21 wherein the routing processor system includes a substantially IGMP compatible mode and said routing step includes routing of said multicast IP packets according to said substantially IGMP compatible mode.

ABSTRACT

This specification discloses a satellite transmission system for transmission of TCP/IP compatible packets from a head end computer through a satellite uplink, an extraterrestrial satellite, a satellite downlink, and an integrated satellite receiver/router for outputting of the TCP/IP compatible packets through a port on the receiver/router onto a computer LAN or WAN. The system may include an Internet or telecommunications backchannel. The receiver becomes router enabled by means of a removable insertion Ethernet/Router insertion card inserted into a slot in the receiver, although the transmission system may be used to simultaneously transmit a variety of other services through the receiver by use of other service slots in the receiver. The Ethernet/Receiver supports the IGMPv2 Multicasting (querier and non querier modes), standard TCP/IP (including UDP and Telnet), and SNMP protocols.

Chemical	Concentration	Temperature	Time	Yield	Characteristics
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	85%	Colorless liquid
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	78%	Colorless liquid
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	65%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	52%	Colorless liquid
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.1M	25°C	24h	48%	Colorless liquid
1,1,2,3-Tetrachloropropane	0.1M	25°C	24h	35%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	32%	Colorless liquid
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	28%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2-Pentachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	22%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	18%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	15%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	12%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	10%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	8%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	6%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	4%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	2%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	1%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.5%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.2%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.1%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.05%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.02%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.01%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.000005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.000002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.000001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0000005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0000002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0000001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00000005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00000002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00000001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.000000005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.000000002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.000000001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0000000005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0000000002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.0000000001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00000000005%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00000000002%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,2,2-Hexachloroethane	0.1M	25°C	24h	0.00000000001%	Colorless liquid
1,1,1,2,					

FIG. 1

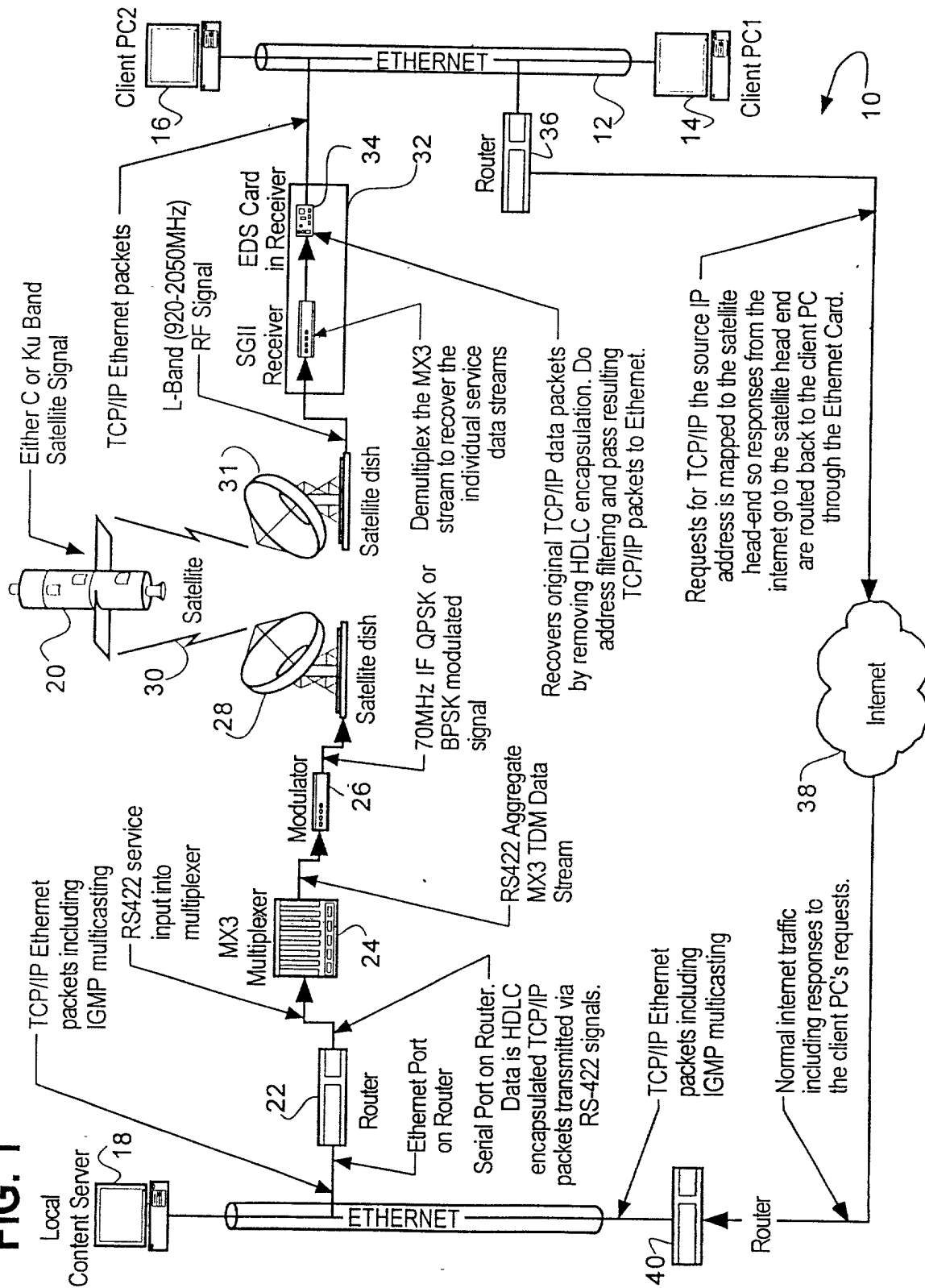


FIG. 2

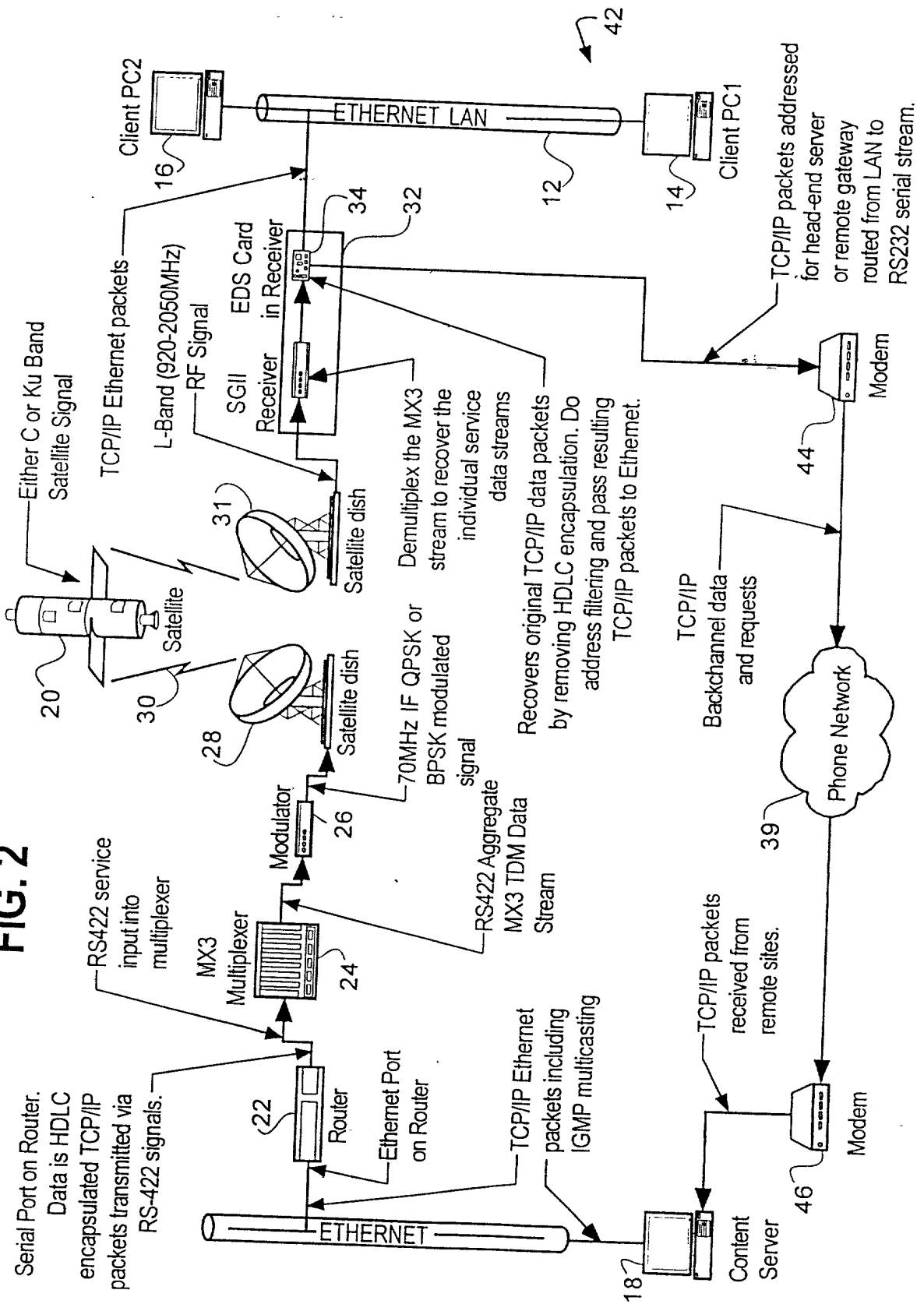


FIG. 3
PRIOR ART

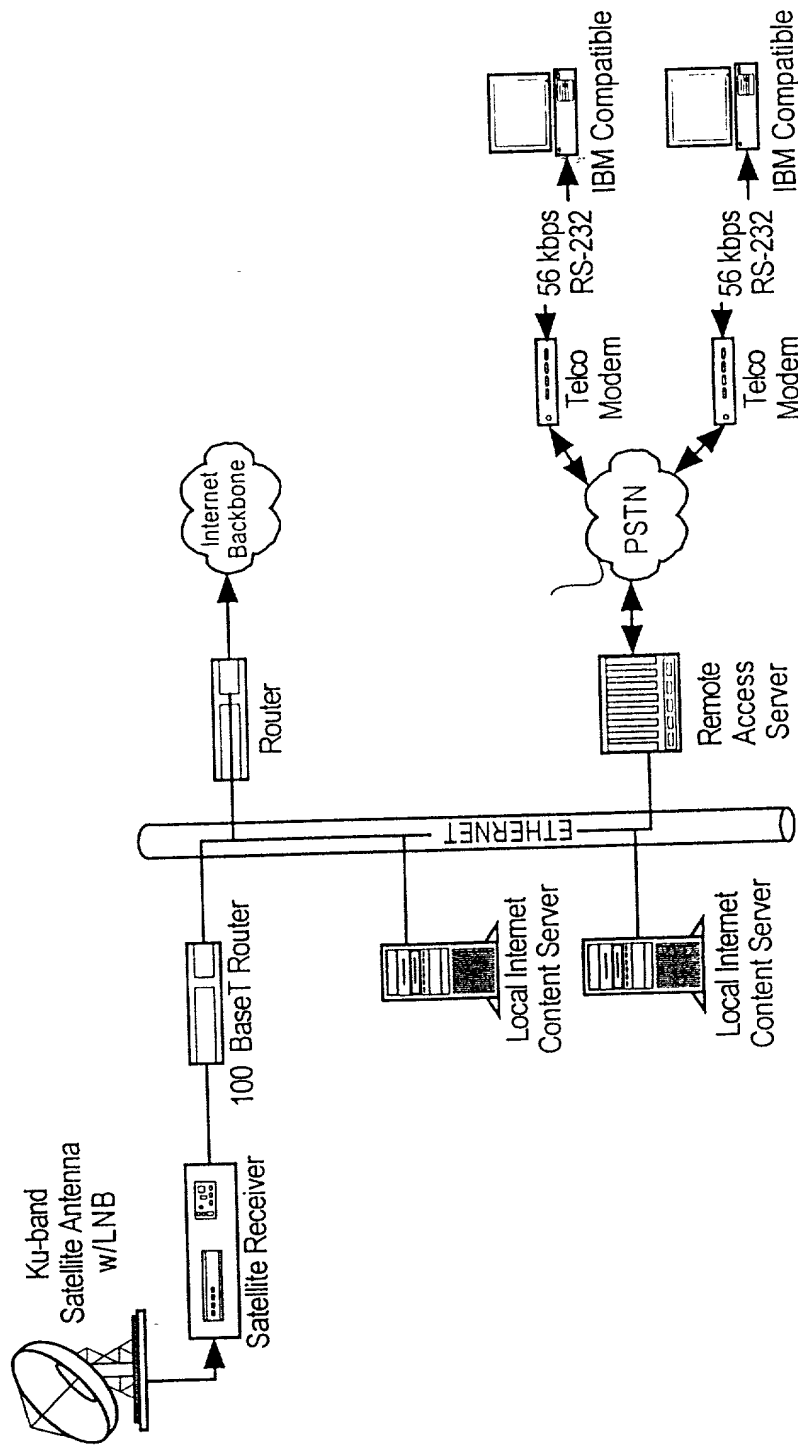


FIG. 4

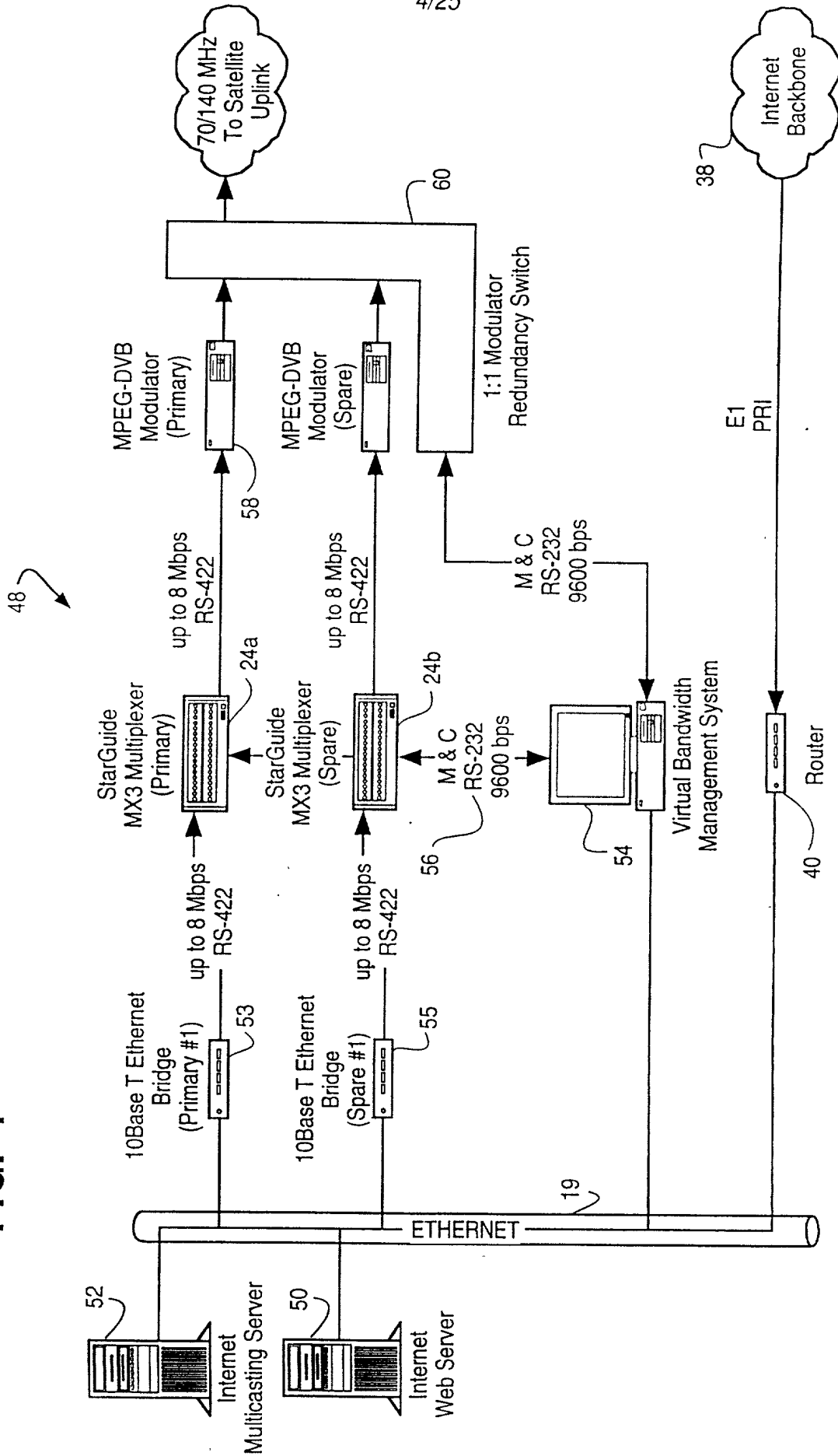


FIG. 5

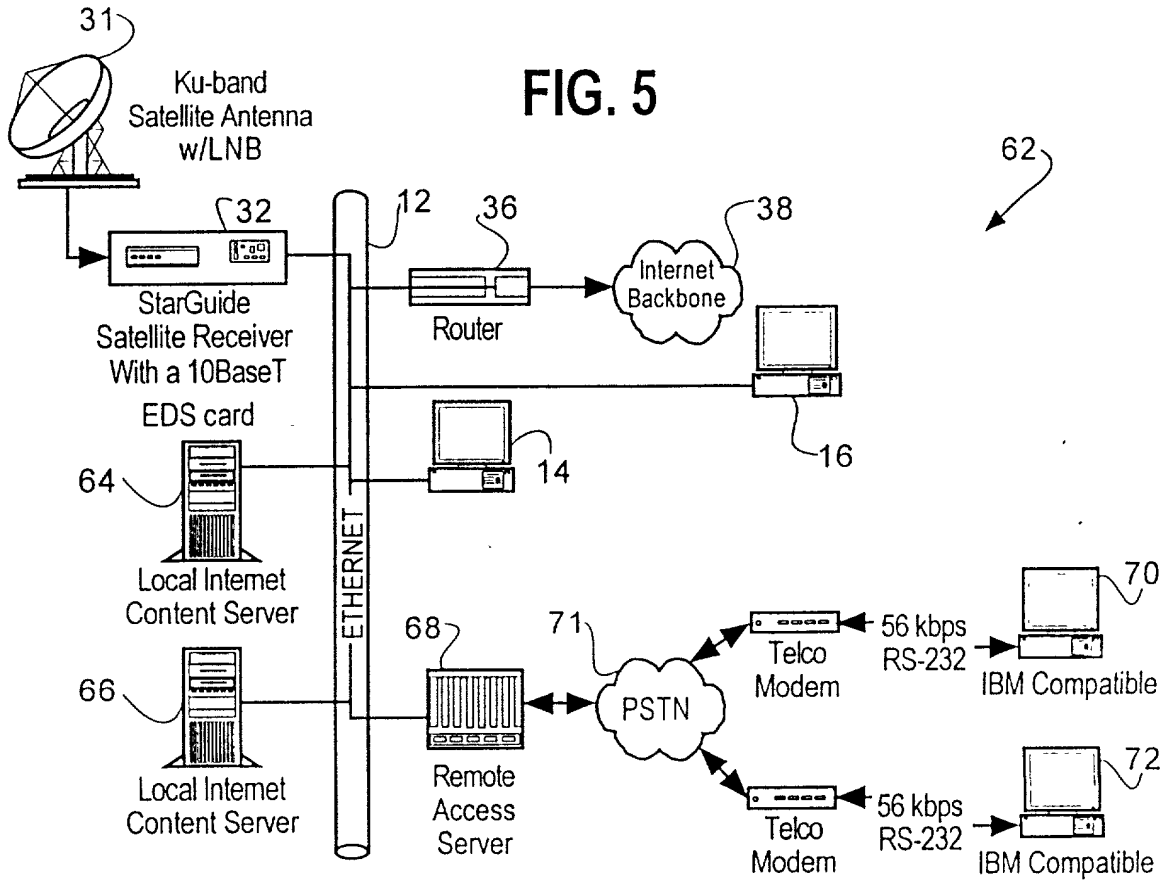


FIG. 6

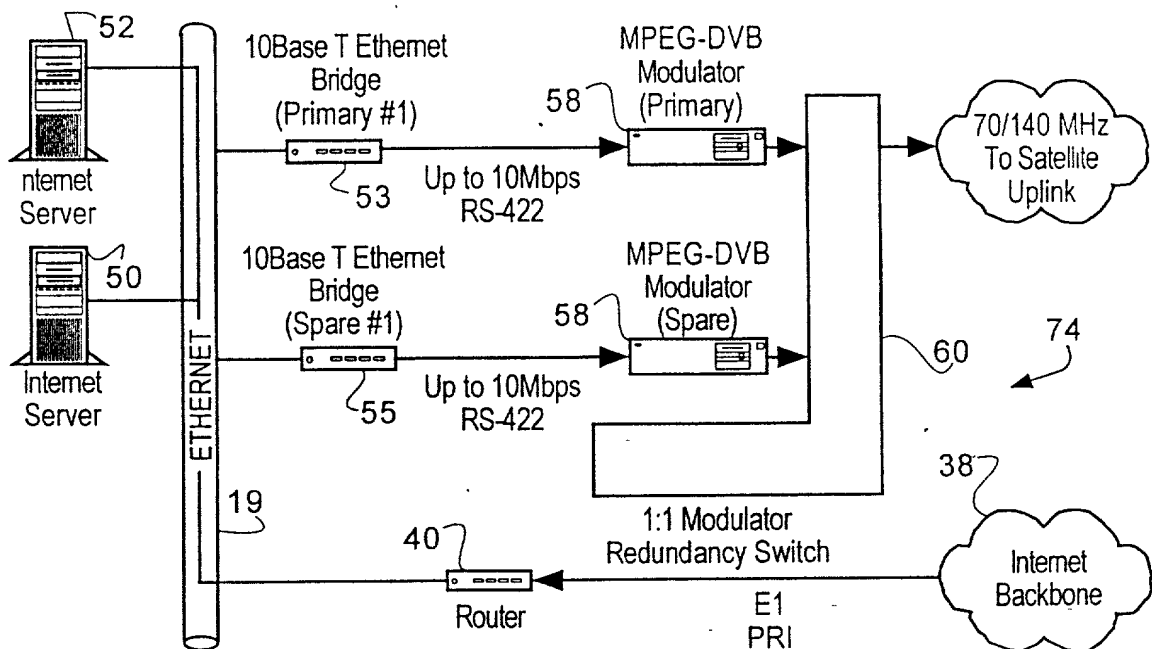


FIG. 7

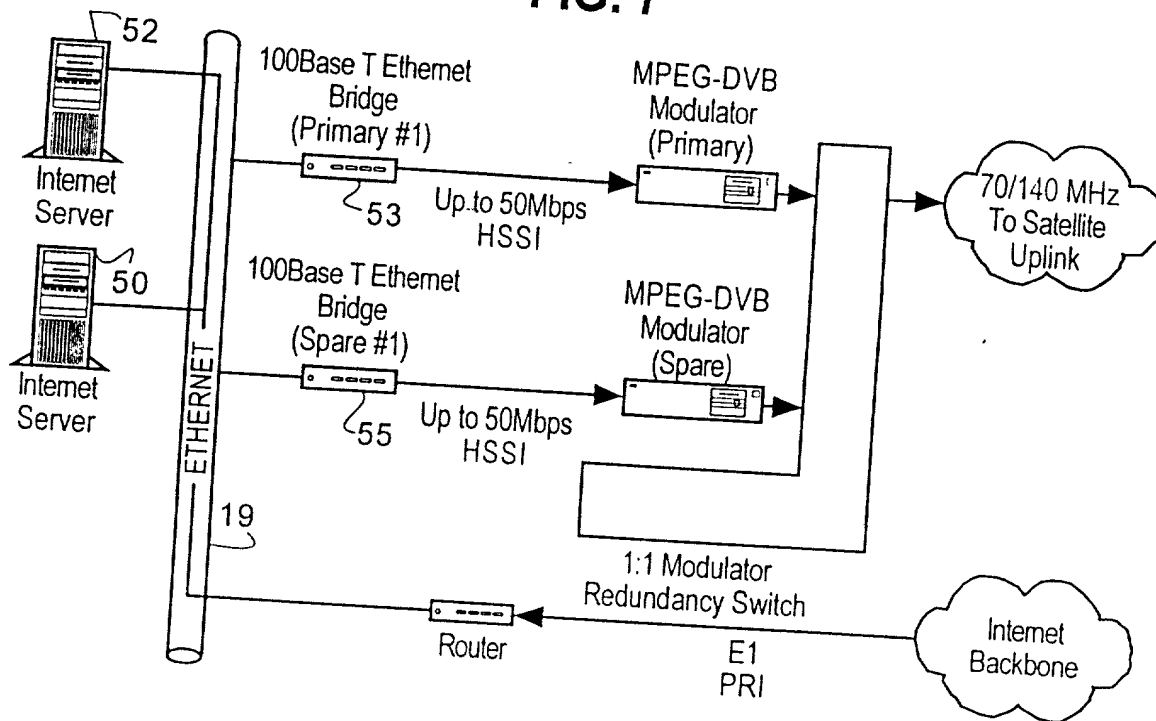


FIG. 8

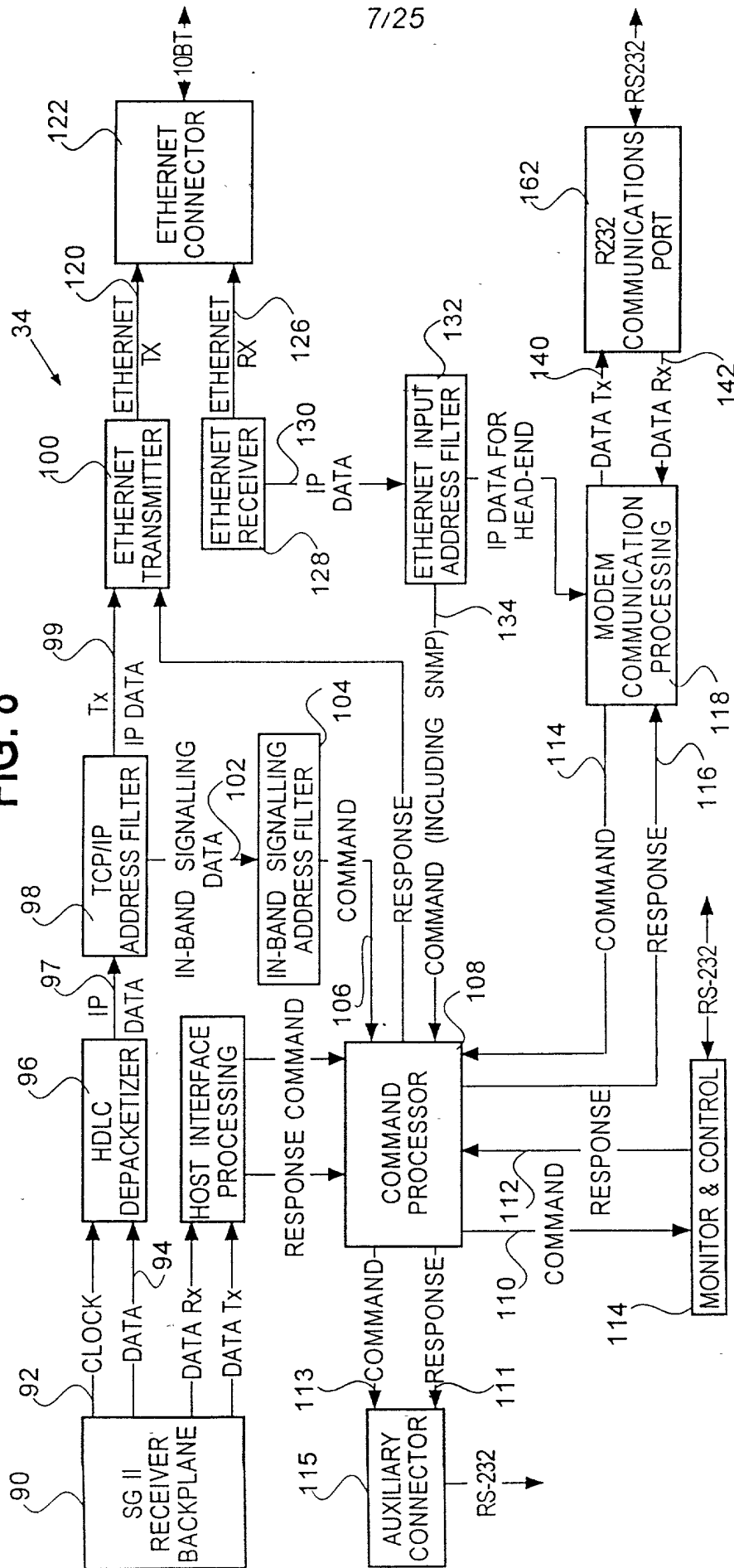


FIG. 9A

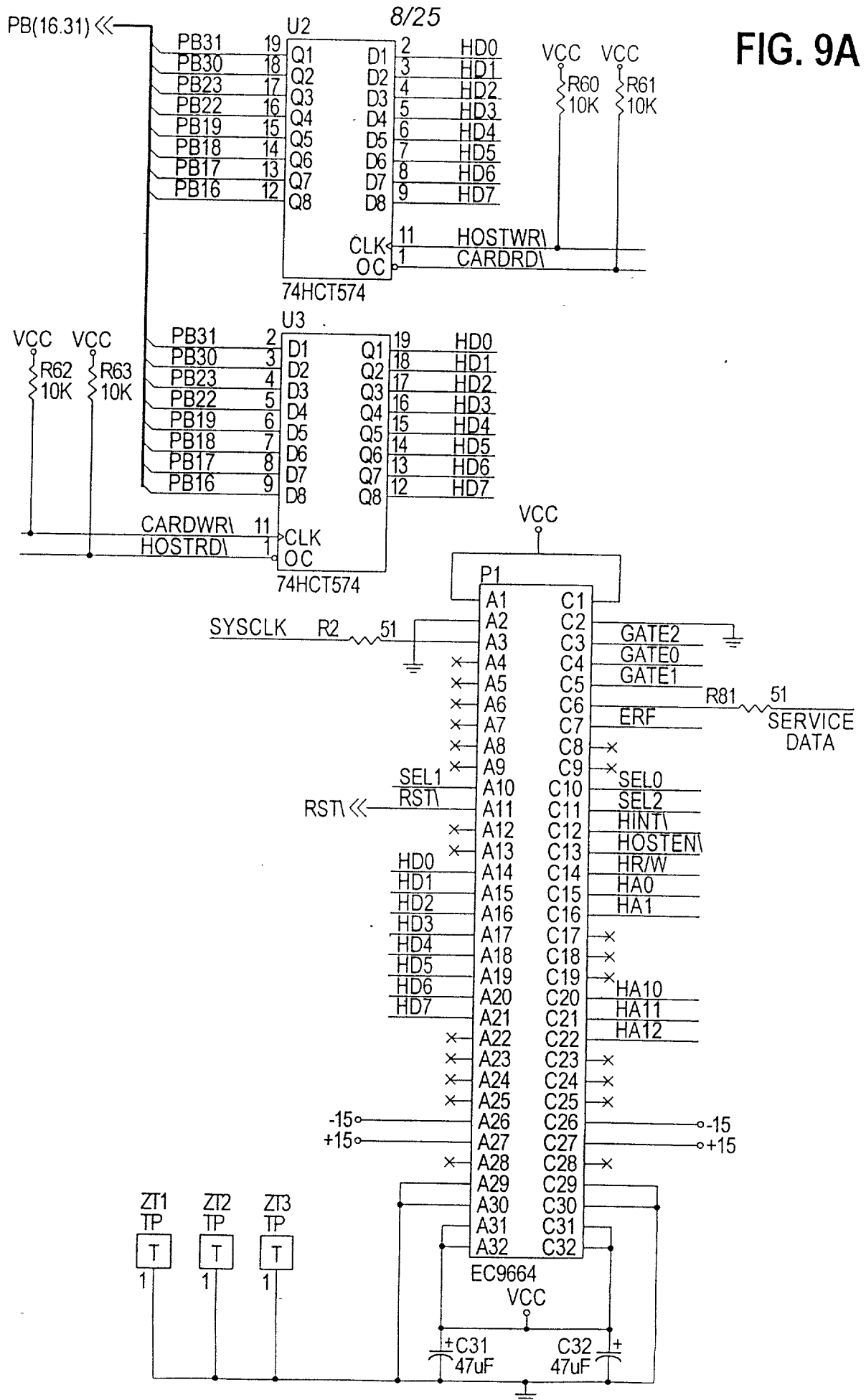


FIG. 9B

9B-1
9B-2

FIG. 9B-1

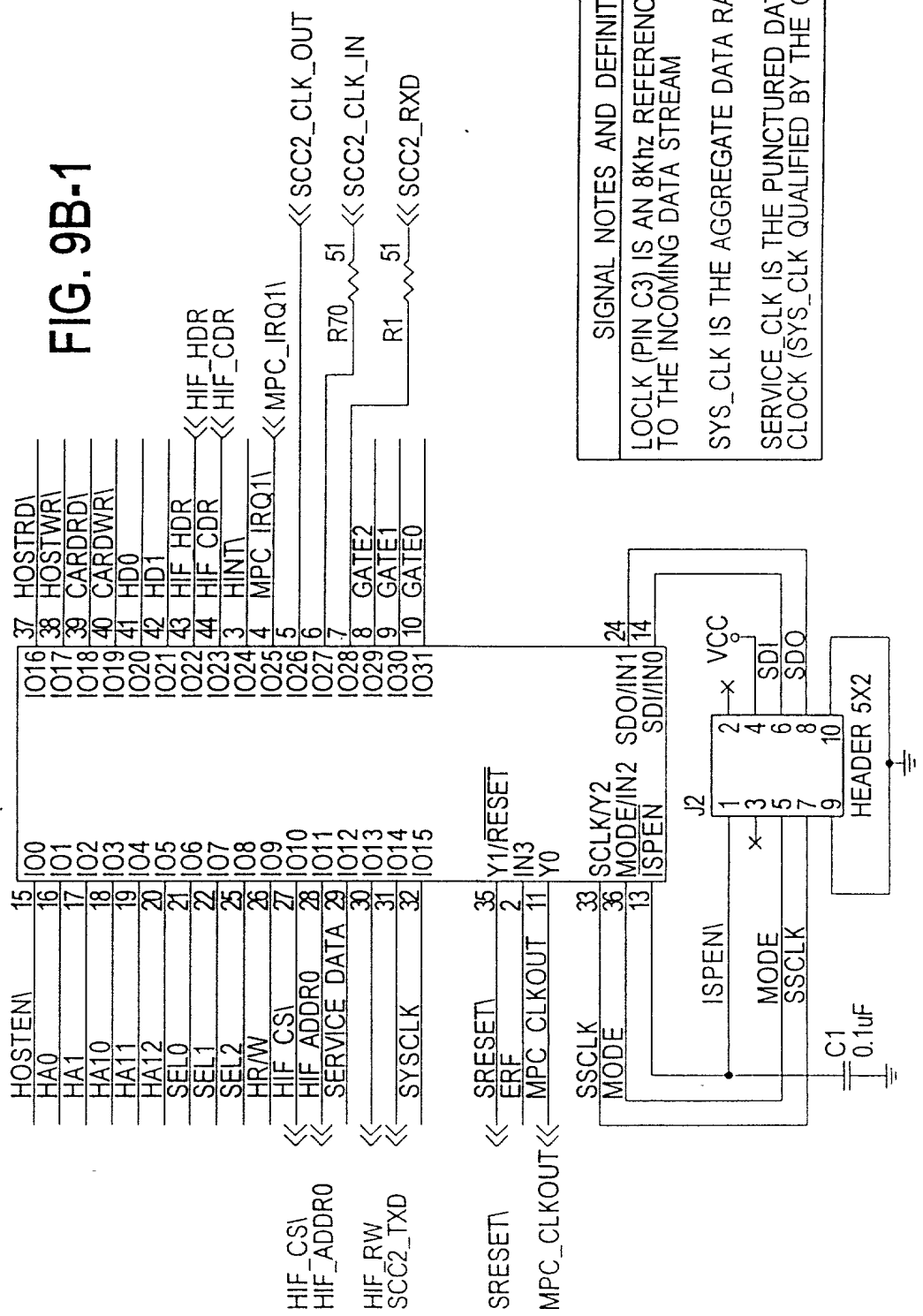
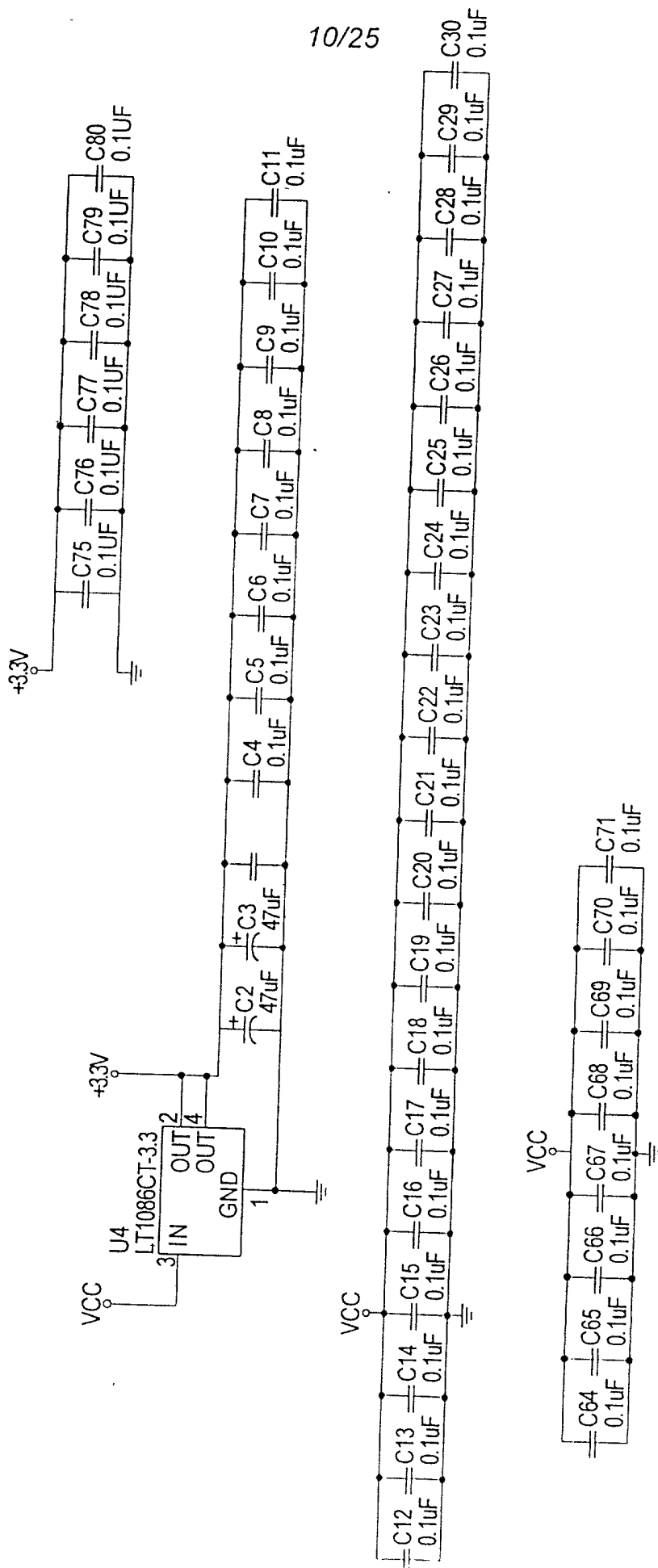
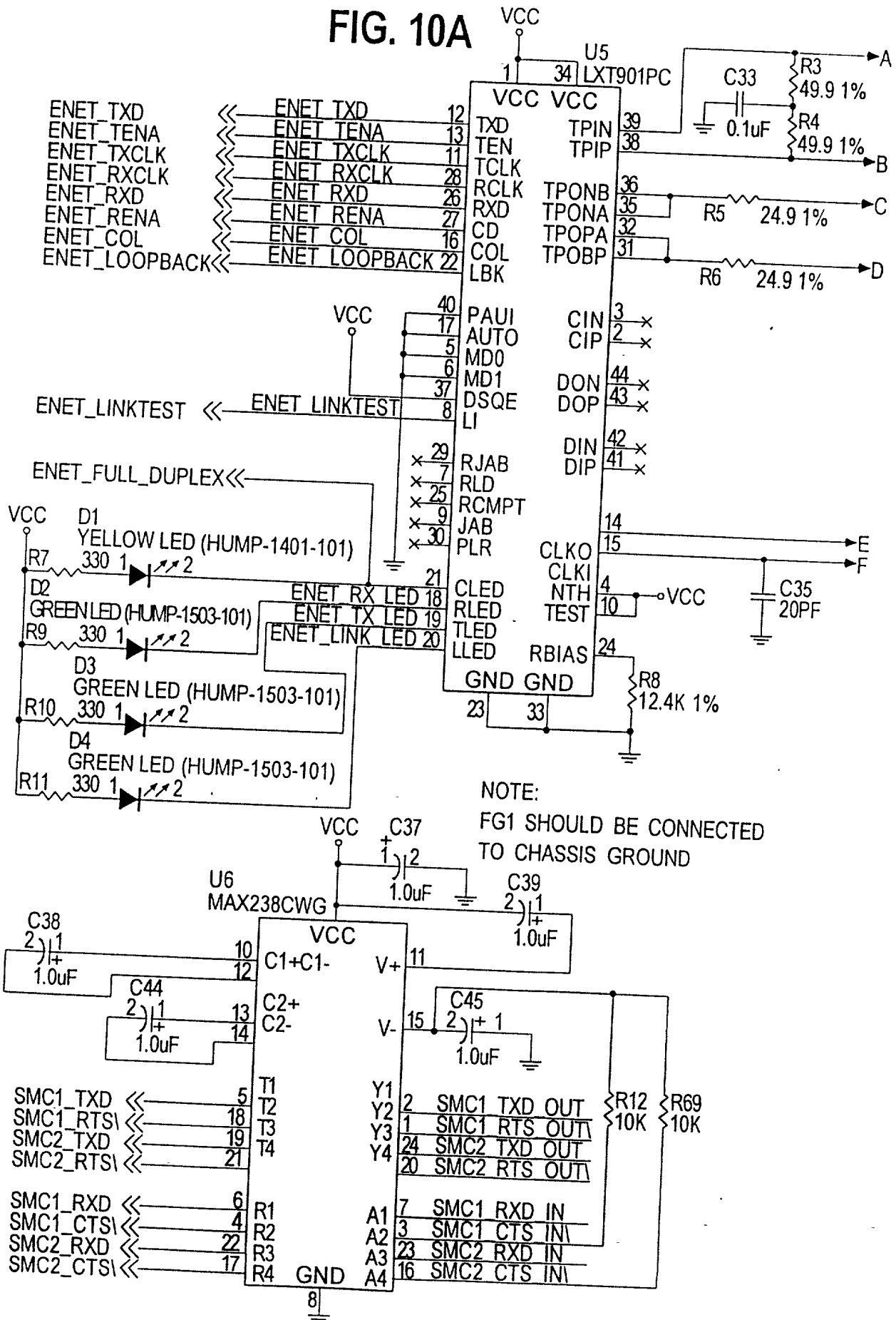


FIG. 9B-2



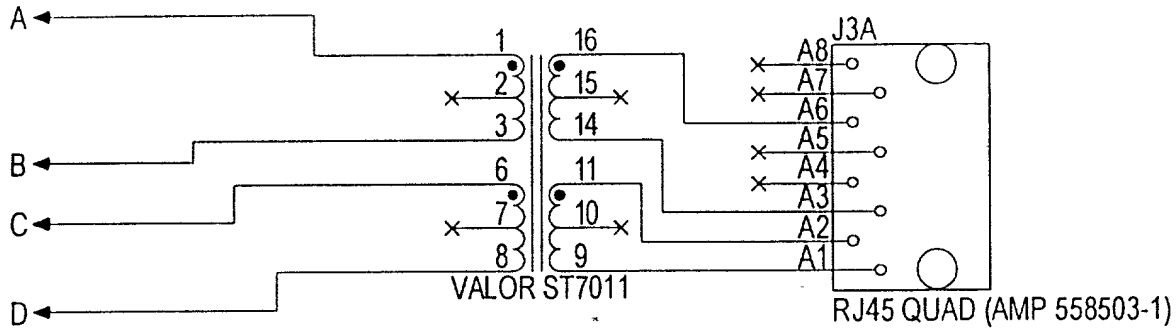
11/25

FIG. 10A

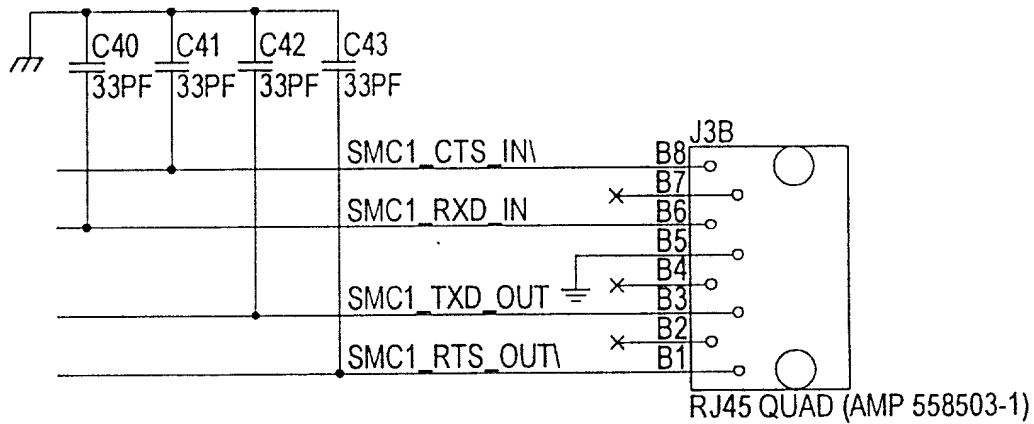
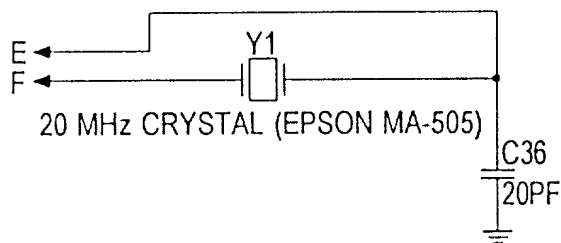


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FIG. 10B



VALOR: ST7011
HALO: TG42-1406N1
BELFUSE: S553-0716



IBM COMPATIBLE PC RS-232 DB-9 MALE PINOUT:
PIN 2 - RX INPUT TO PC
PIN 3 - TX OUTPUT FROM PC
PIN 5 - GROUND
PIN 7 - RTS OUTPUT FROM PC
PIN 8 - CTS INPUT TO PC

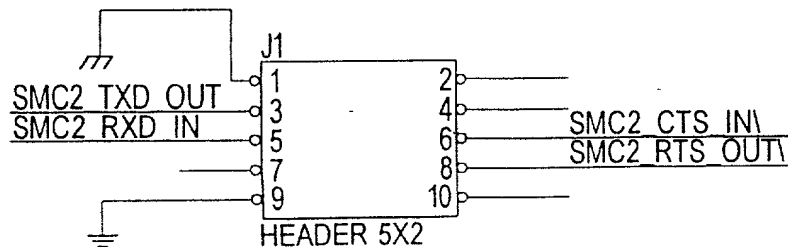


FIG. 11A

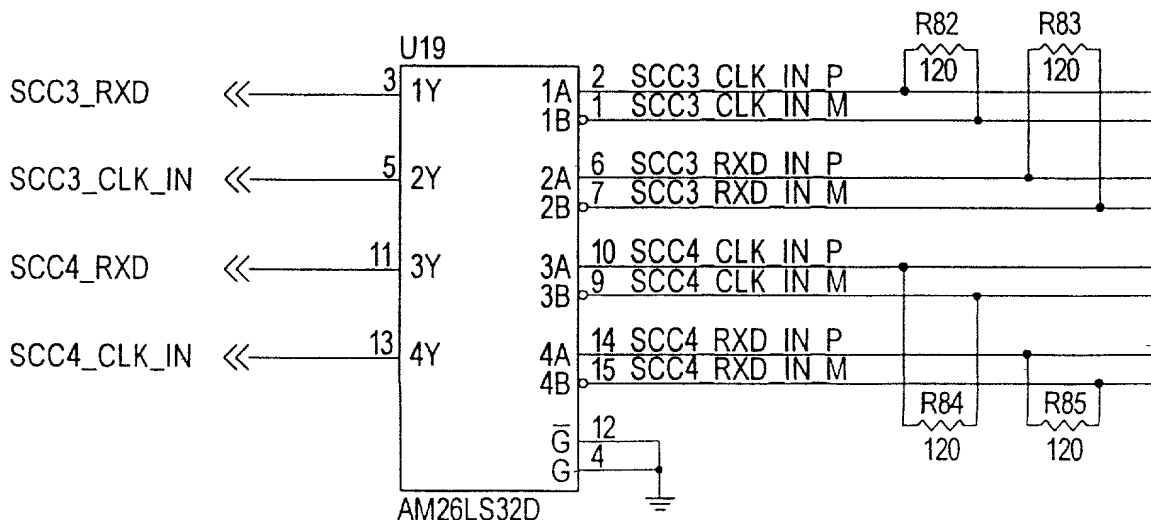
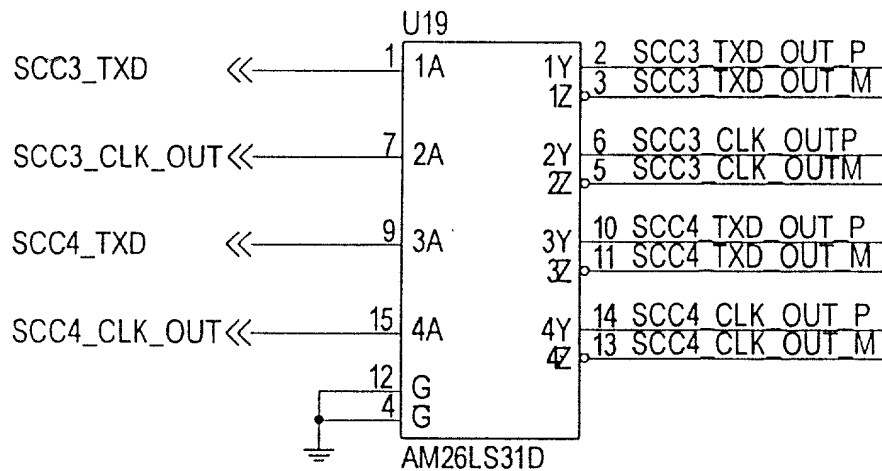
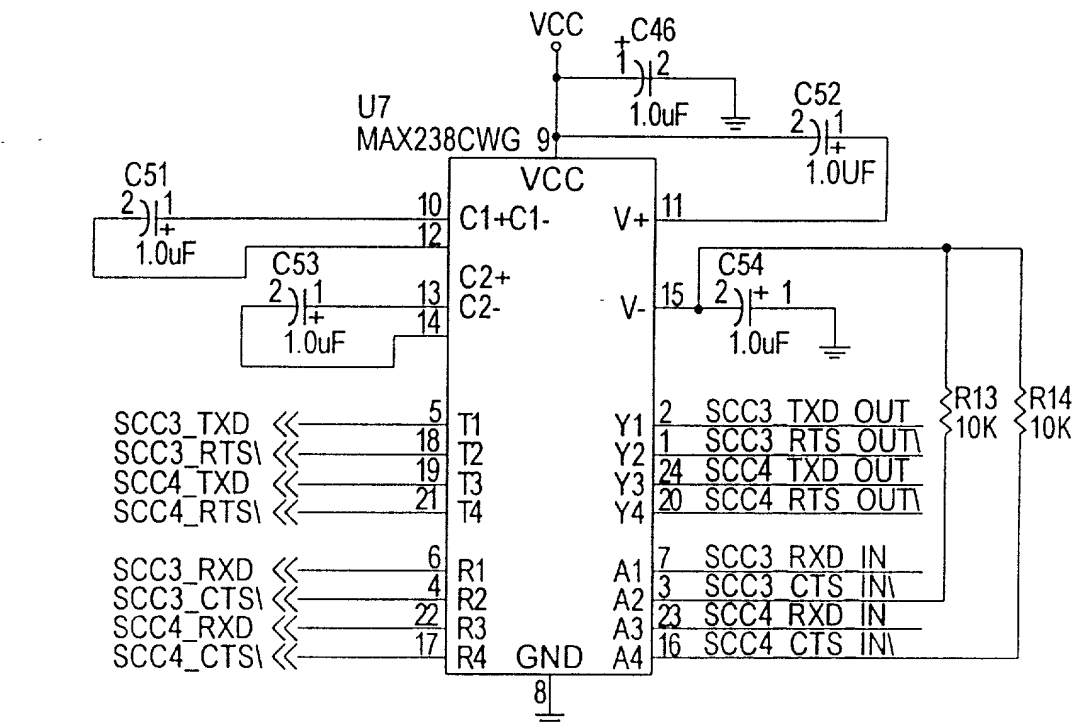


FIG. 11B

NOTE:

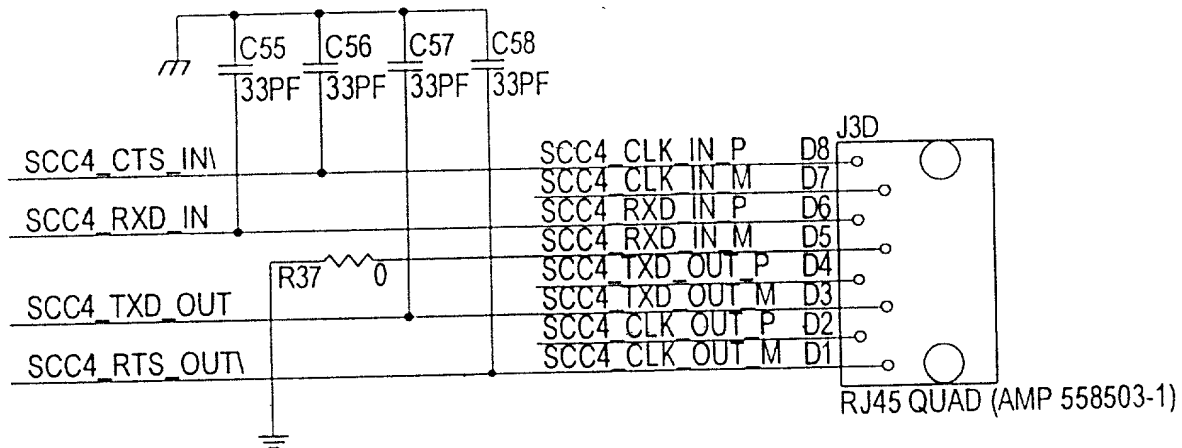
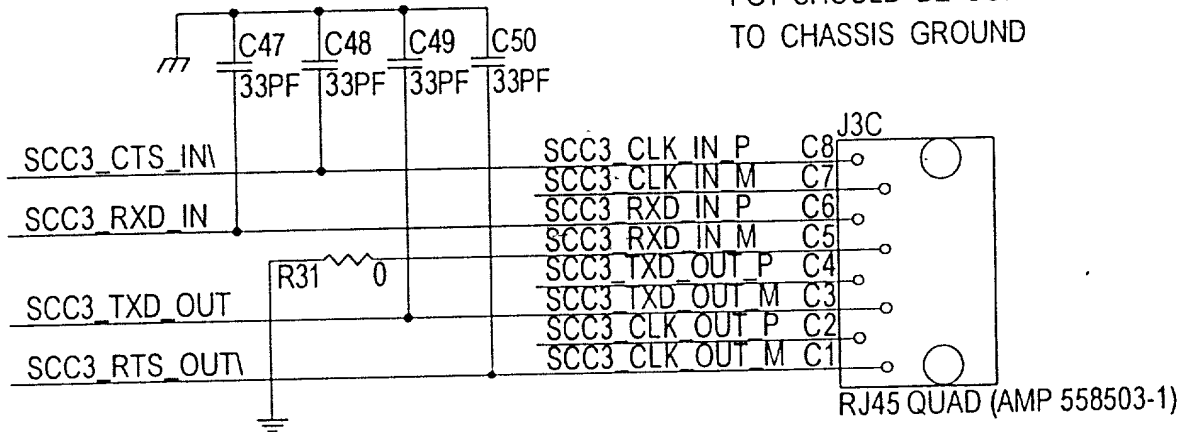
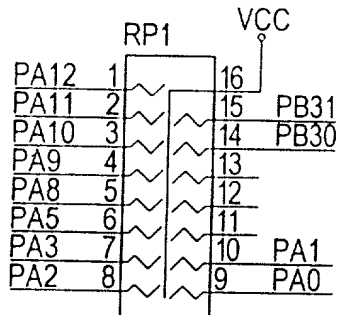
FG1 SHOULD BE CONNECTED
TO CHASSIS GROUND

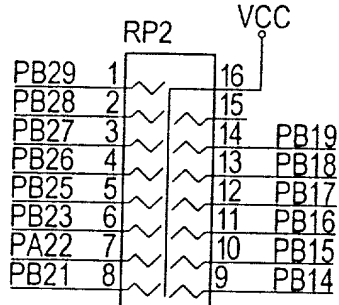
FIG. 12A

FIG. 12A-1

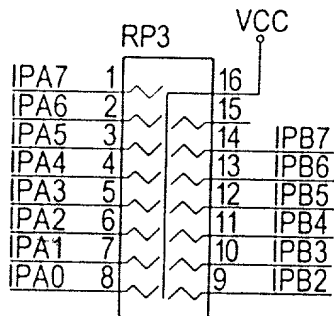
12A-1	12A-2
12A-3	12A-4



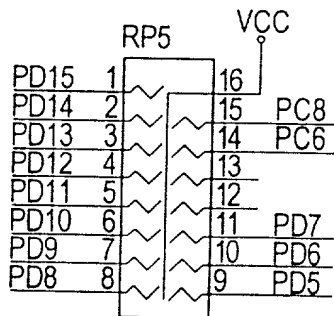
10K (CTS 767-16-1-103-JTR)



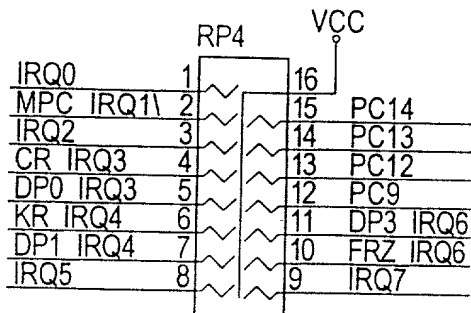
10K (CTS 767-16-1-103-JTR)



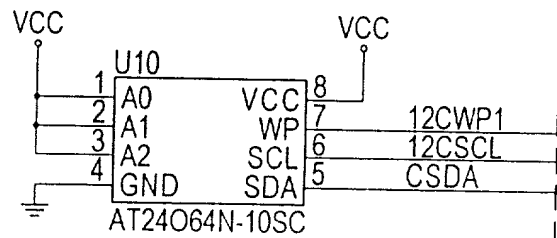
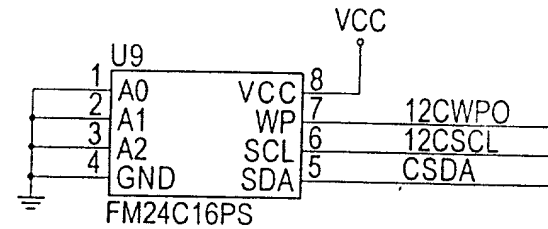
10K (CTS 767-16-1-103-JTR)



10K (CTS 767-16-1-103-JTR)



10K (CTS 767-16-1-103-JTR)



PORTS A,B,C AND D DO
NOT HAVE MPC860
INTERNAL PULLUP
RESISTORS.

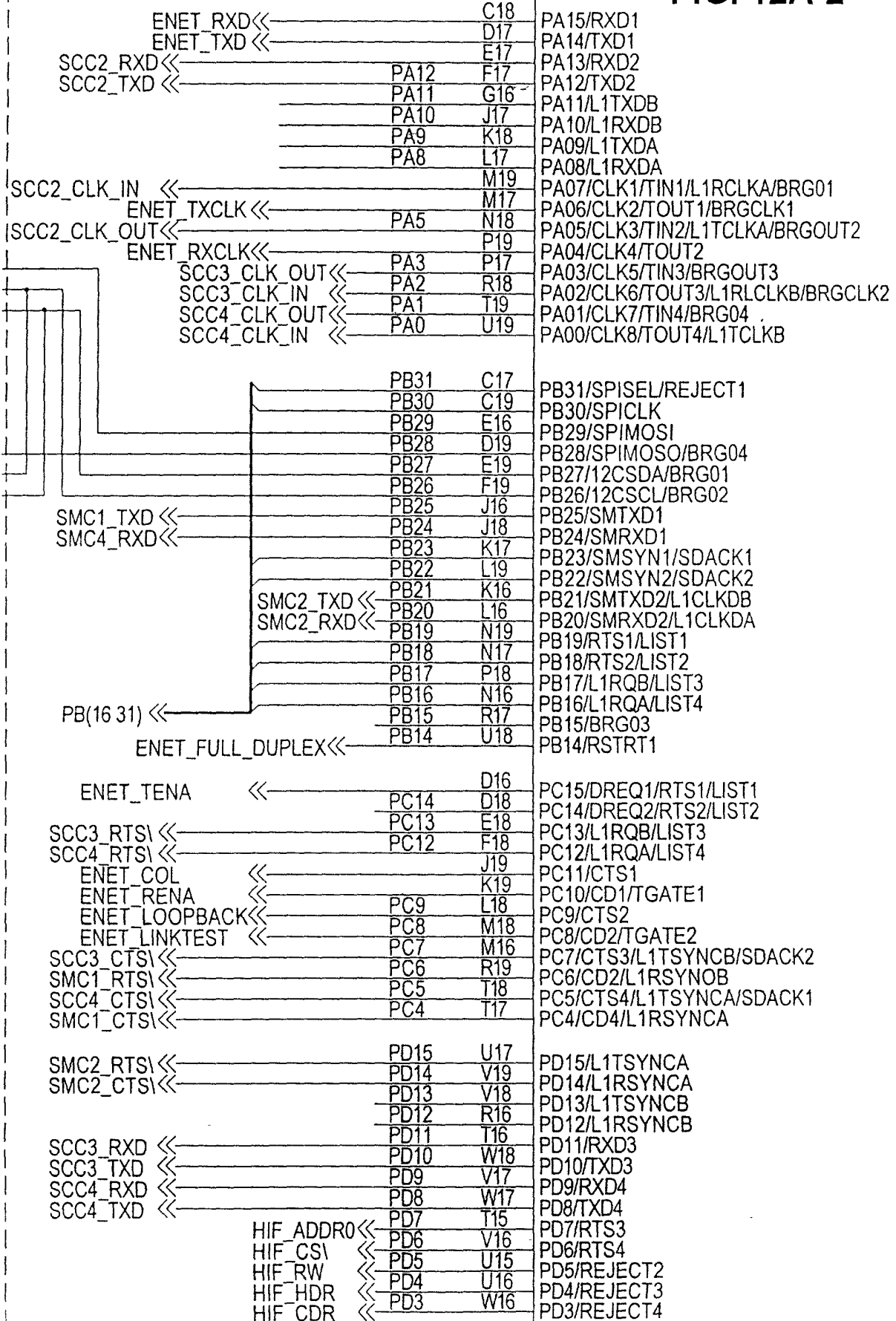
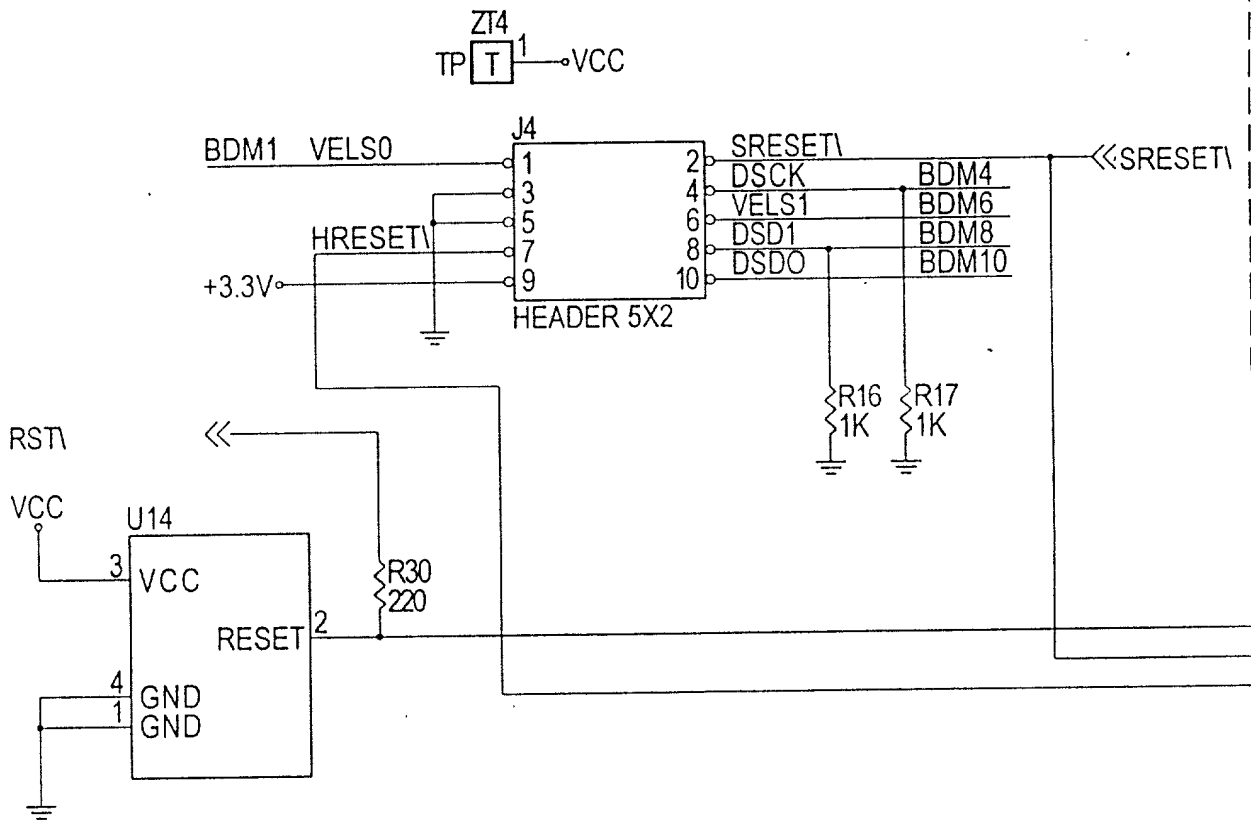


FIG. 12A-3

BACKGROUND DEBUG MODE CONNECTOR



```
IPB7 CONFIGURED AS AT3
IPB6 CONFIGURED AS AT0
IPB5 CONFIGURED AS VF1
IPB4 CONFIGURED AS VF0
IPB3 CONFIGURED AS VF2
IPB2 CONFIGURED AS AT2
```

IPA7	T3	IPA7
IPA6	T6	IPA6
IPA5	U5	IPA5
IPA4	U4	IPA4
IPA3	W2	IPA3
IPA2	U3	IPA2/ICIS16_A
IPA1	T4	IPA1
IPA0	T5	IPA0
IPB7	H1	IPB7/PTR/AT3
IPB6	K3	IPB6/DSDI/AT0
IPB5	J4	IPB5/LWP1/VF1
IPB4	G2	IPB4/LPW0/VF0
IPB3	G1	IPB3/IWP2/VF2
IPB2	J2	IPB2/IOIS16_B/AT2
VFLS1	J3	IPB1/WP1/VFLS1
VFLS0	H2	IPB0/IWP0/VFLS0

FIG. 12A-4

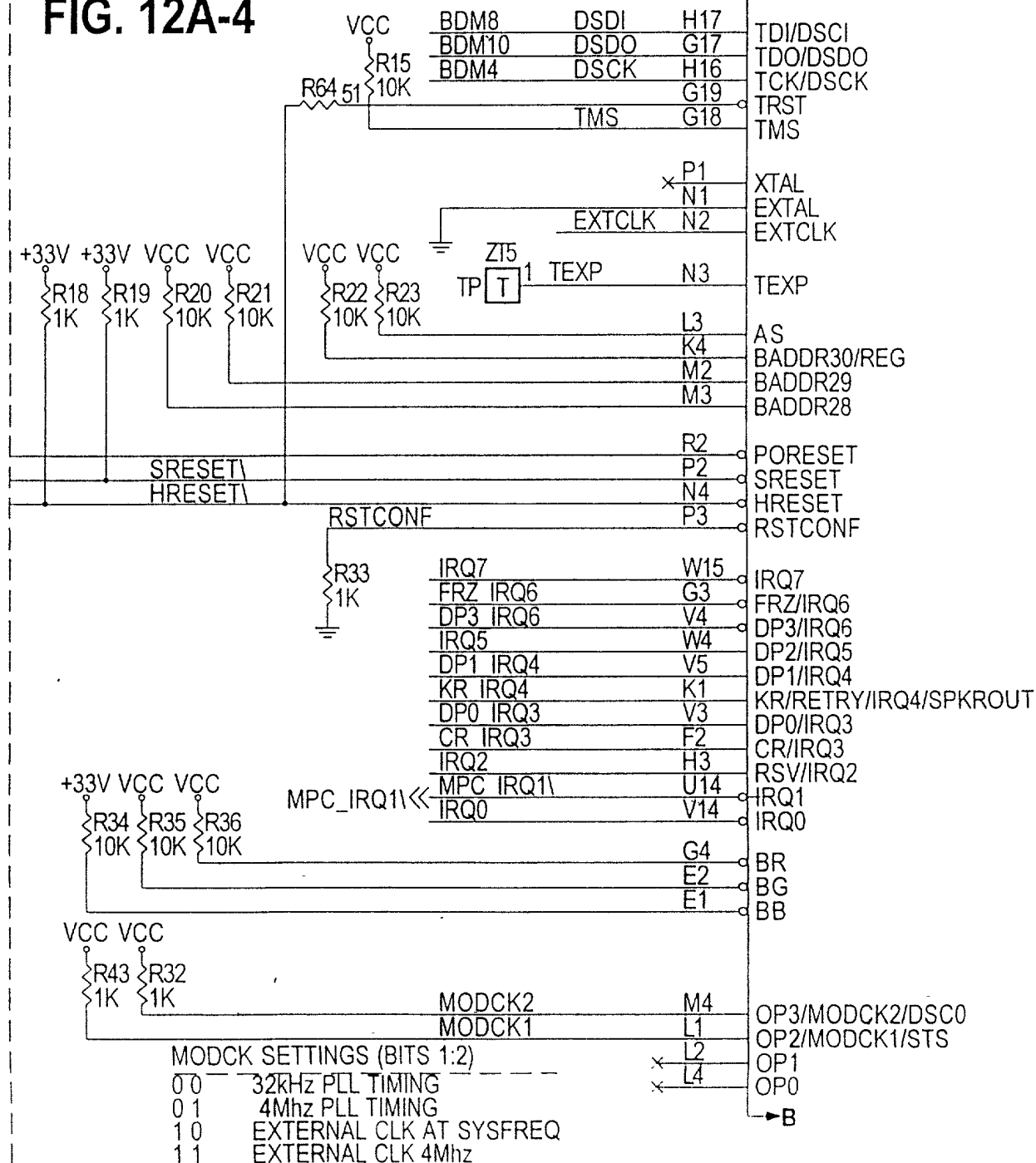


FIG. 12B

12B-1	12B-2
12B-3	12B-4

FIG. 12B-1

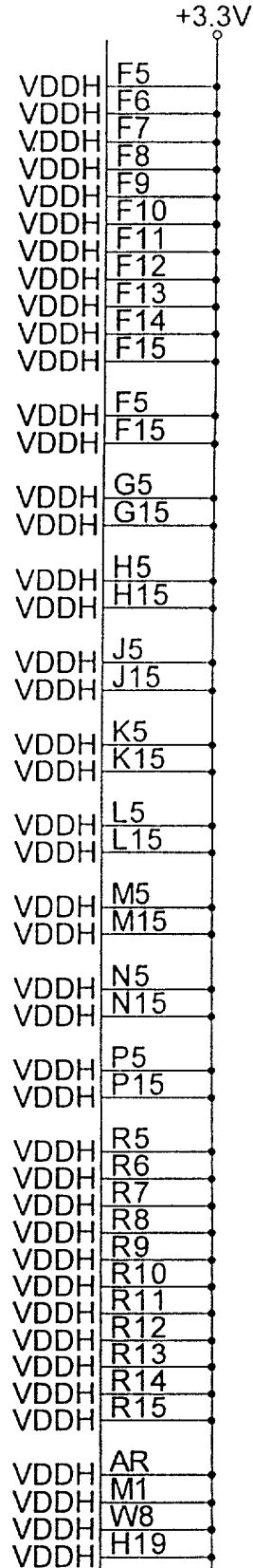
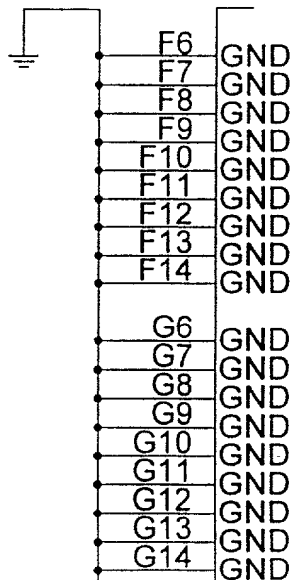
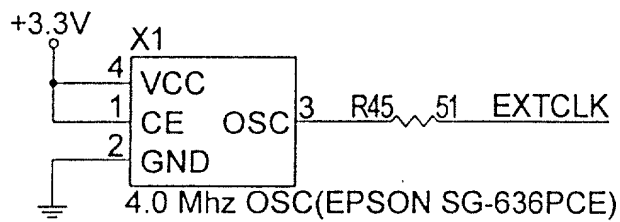
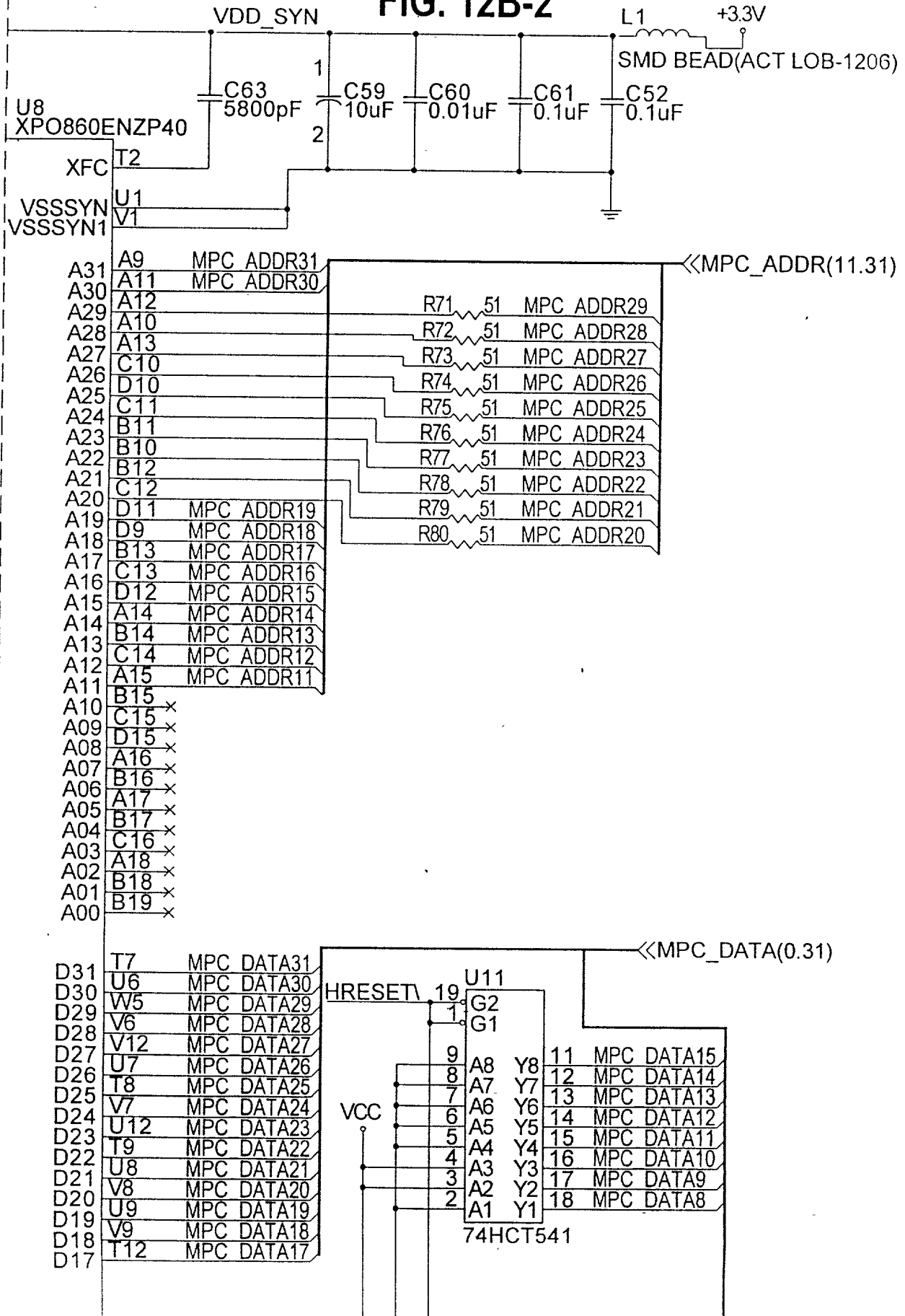


FIG. 12B-2



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H6	GND
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	GND
H12	GND
H13	GND
H14	GND
J6	GND
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	GND
J13	GND
J14	GND
L6	GND
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M7	GND
M8	GND
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M10	GND
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M13	GND
M14	GND
N6	GND
N7	GND
N8	GND
N9	GND
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	GND
P6	GND
P7	GND
P8	GND
P9	GND
P10	GND
P11	GND
P12	GND
P13	GND
P14	GND

VDDH	F4
VDDH	P4
VDDH	T14
VDDH	F16
VDDH	P16
KAPAR	R1
VDDSYN1	T1

FIG. 12B-3

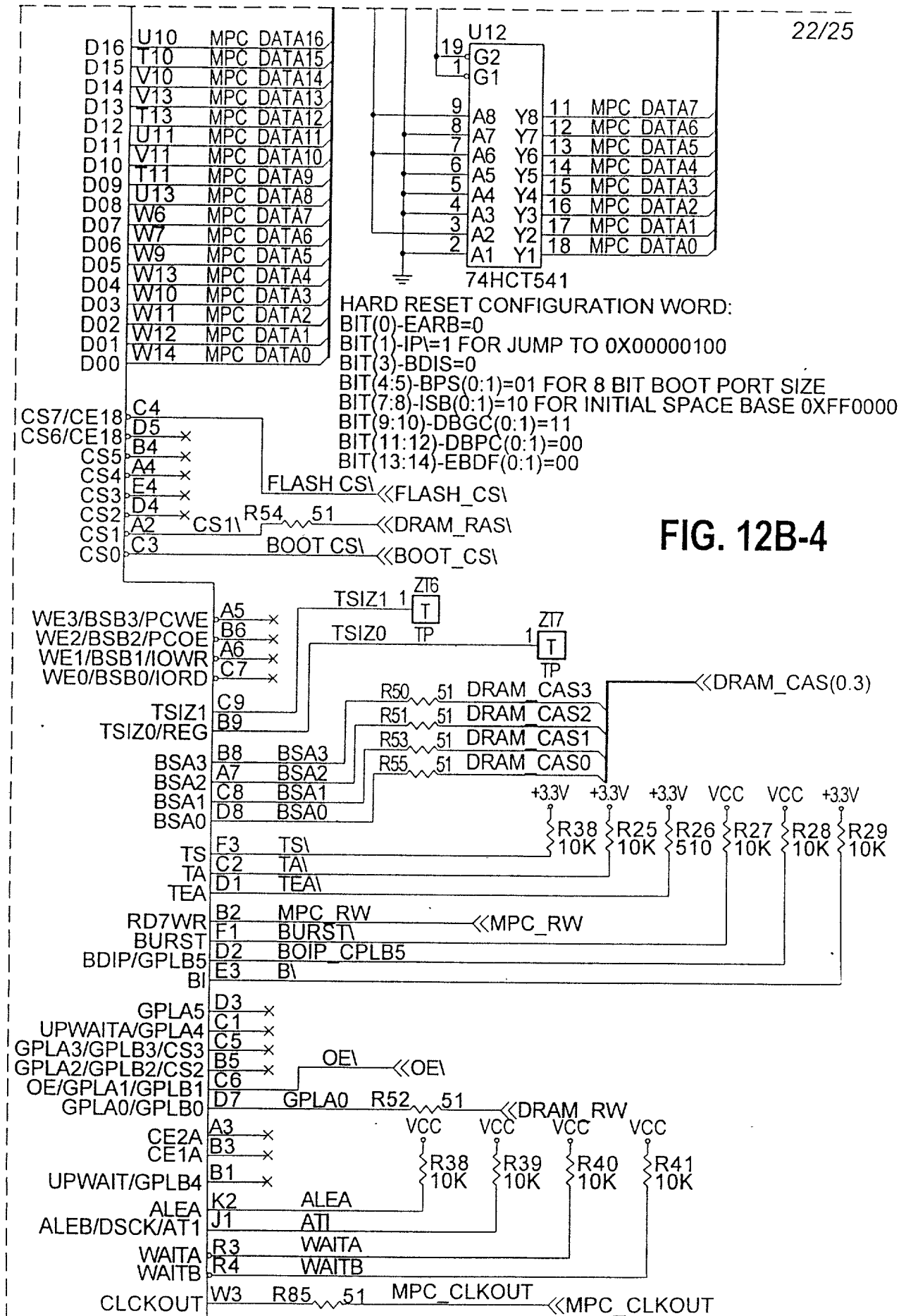


FIG. 12B-4

FIG. 13

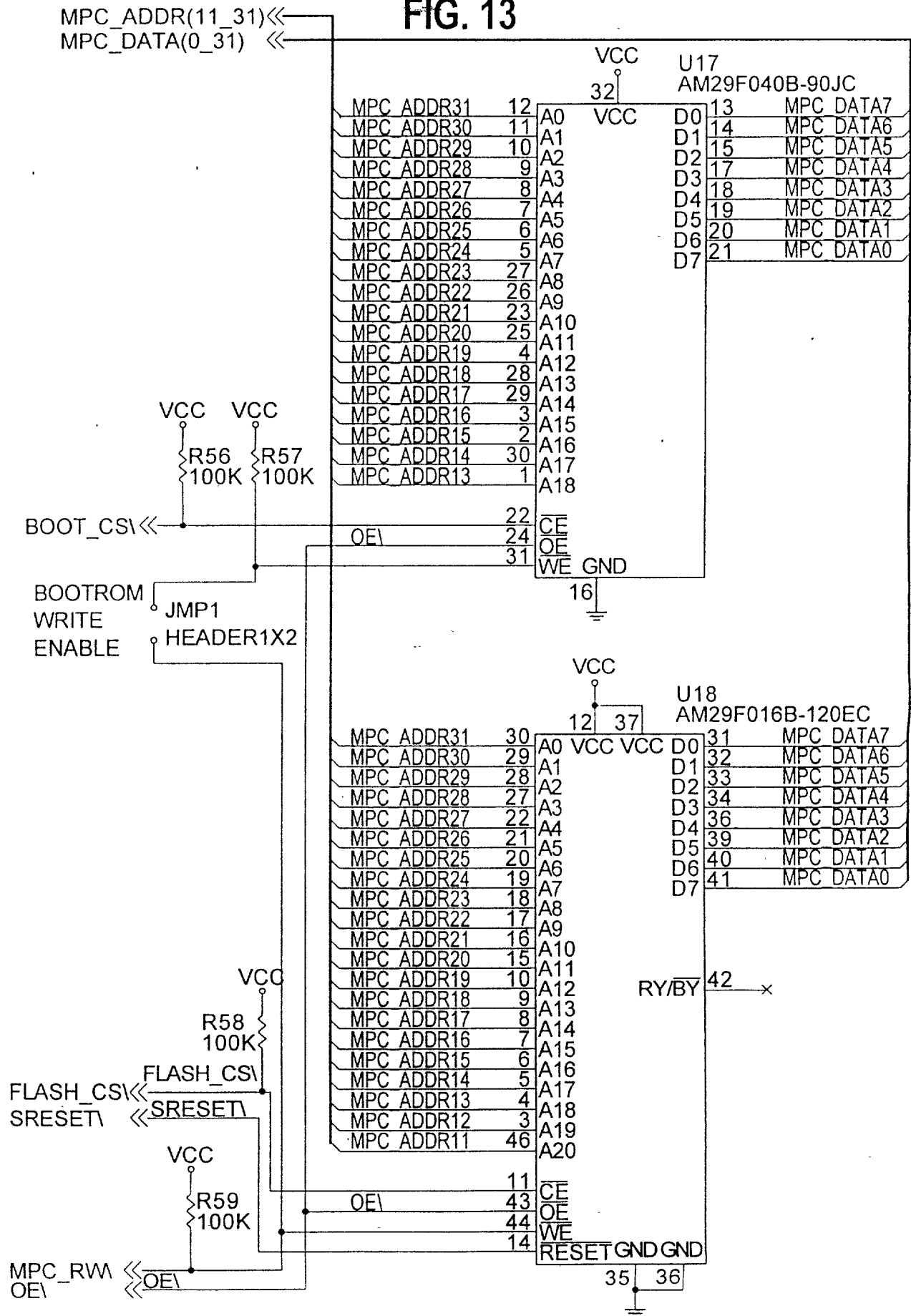


FIG. 14

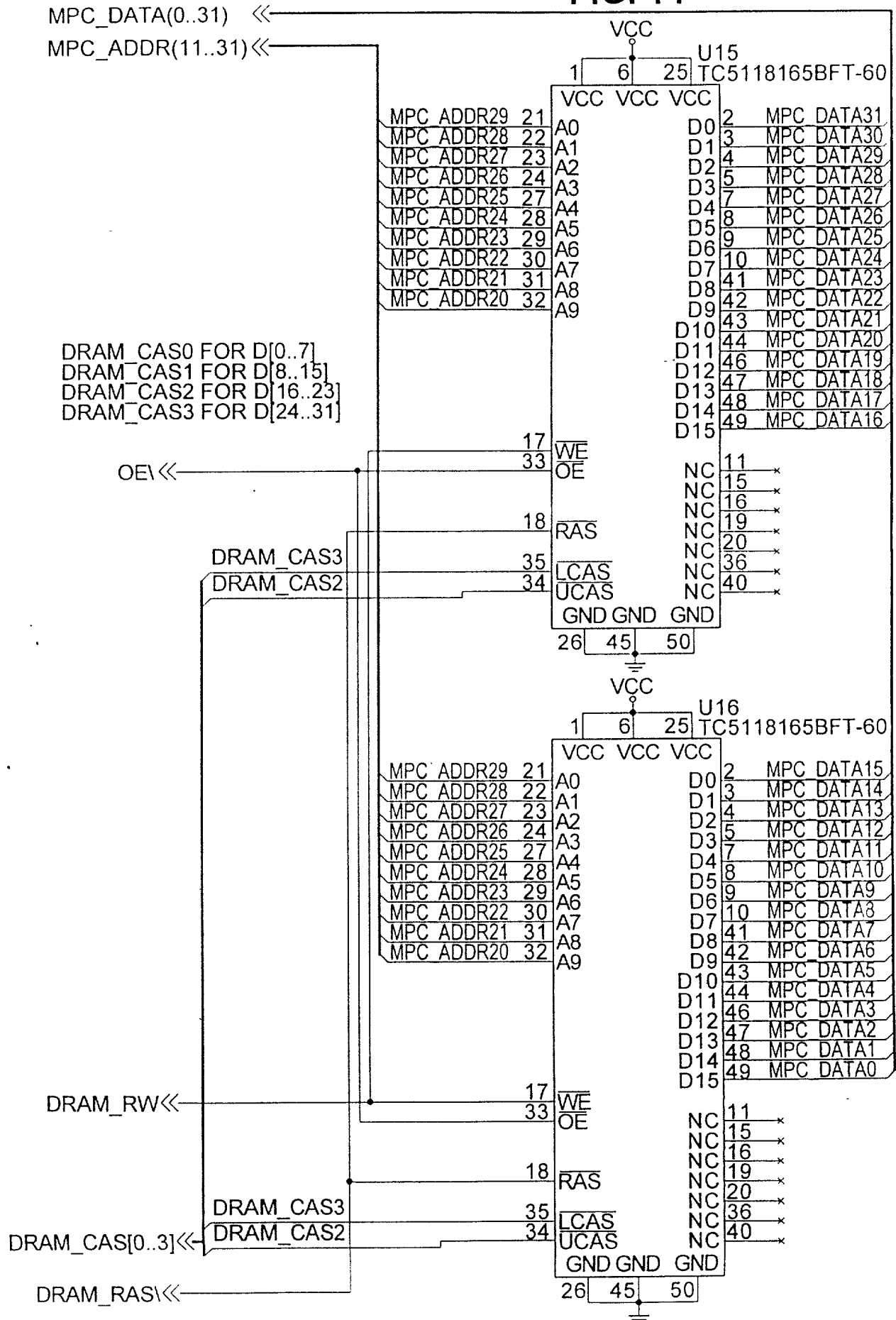
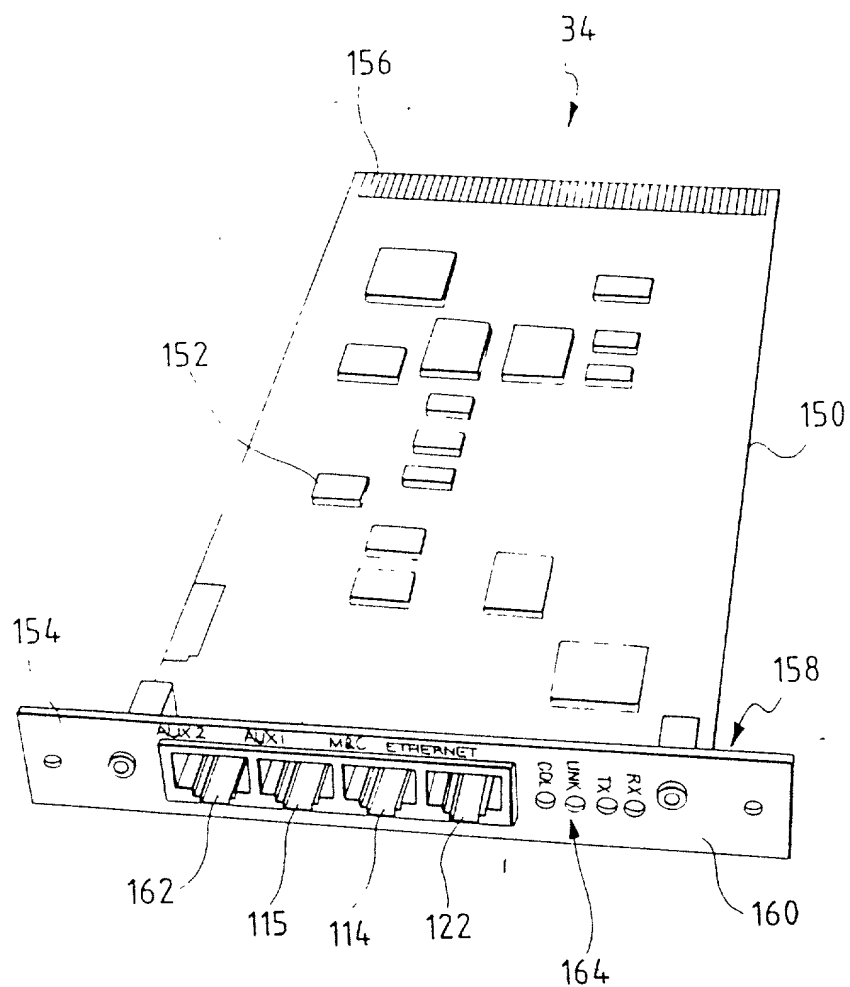


FIG. 15



Docket No
SGUS0008

Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

Satellite Receiver/Router, System, and Method of Use

the specification of which

(check one)

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on 4/3/99 as United States Application No. or PCT International Application Number _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

<u>60/080,530</u>	<u>4/3/98</u>
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
<u>60/105,878</u>	<u>10/27/98</u>
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s) or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C.F.R. Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application

<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending, abandoned)
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending, abandoned)
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon

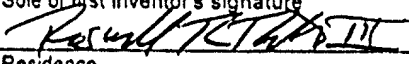
POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. *(list name and registration number)*

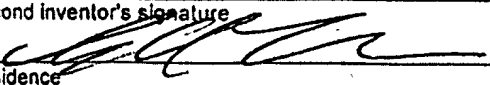
Robert C. Ryan 29,343

Ian F. Burns 33,297

Send Correspondence to: Robert C. Ryan
StarGuide Digital Networks, Inc.
Suite 1510, 300 E. Second Street
Reno, Nevada 89501

Direct Telephone Calls to: *(name and telephone number)*
Robert C. Ryan, 775-686-5050, fax: 5057

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Sole or first inventor's signature	
	5-17-99 Date
Residence	11272 Woodrush Court, San Diego, California 92128
Citizenship	U.S.
Post Office Address	Same as above

Full name of second inventor, if any	Ian Lerner
Second inventor's signature	
	5-17-99 Date
Residence	8676 Dunaway Drive
Citizenship	U.S.
Post Office Address	Same as above

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Third inventor's signature <i>Laurence A. Fish</i>	Date May 17, 1999
Residence 1840 Lyndon Road, San Diego, California	
Citizenship U.S.	
Post Office Address Same as above	

Full name of fourth inventor, if any C. Brian Peabody	
Fourth inventor's signature <i>C. Brian Peabody</i>	Date 15 April, 1999
Residence Ground Floor Flat, 28 Roland Gardens, London, England SW73PL UK	
Citizenship USA	
Post Office Address Same as above	

Full name of fifth inventor, if any
Fifth inventor's signature
Residence
Citizenship
Post Office Address

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By: *[Signature]*

Full name of sixth inventor, if any	
Sixth inventor's signature	Date
Residence	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	